THE PORTSMOUTH HERALD

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PEACE PROPOSAL HAS NOT REACHED WASHINGTON

President Wilson Will Await Its Arrival Before Giving the Matter Consideration

(By Associated Press)

Washington, August 16—Secretary Lansing said today that he had received no further information in regard to the Pope's peace proposal than what he had read in the newspapers. Diplomatic agencies believe that it will no doubt be rejected. It is pointed out by the President that before giving the matter consideration, he will await the proposal.

WILL BE CHARGED WITH CONSPIRACY

(By Associated Press)

Washington, August 16—The Department of Justice, it was learned today is prepared to deal summarily with the I. W. W. or any others in the Northwest who would go so far as to attempt the stopping of the harvesting of crops, or the producing of lumber. Any action in regard to the curtailment of the food supply or the production of spruce lumber so essential in the construction of the vast number of army airplanes contemplated by the government, will be met and punished on the charge of conspiracy.

Already, damage has been done in Washington to spruce logs being gotten out for this purpose, and in some instances machinery has been wrecked by driving spikes into the logs.

AUTHORITIES HAVE BEGUN A CAMPAIGN

(By Associated Press)

Stockholm, Aug. 16.—The city authorities have begun a campaign against rats by offering a reward of about 2½ cents for every carcass delivered. While it is hoped thus to reduce the rat plague considerably, the chief end is to secure an important addition to the stocks of fats available for the making of soaps and lubricants. The rat carcasses are treated in a "corpse utilization establishment," where, after the fat has been boiled out, what remains is converted into a poultry food. South Sweden has for some time been utilizing cadavers of various animals in this way. A considerable amount of fat is also secured by skimming large containers placed in the sewers leading from hotels, restaurants and other places where there is an unavoidable waste of fat.

The Herald puts over the news every day.

ALLIES MAKE ATTACK OVER WIDE FRONT

In Belgium and According to Official Report Progress is Being Made

THREE COL .....

(By Associated Press)

London, Aug. 16.—Troops of the Allies made an attack on the German troops today on a wide front on the Eastern and Northern side, in Belgium. According to an official report it is said that progress is being made.

TO ADVERTISE NEXT ISSUE OF LIBERTY LOAN

(By Associated Press)

Washington, August 16—A plan for advertising the next issue of the Liberty Loan is at hand. It is said that it will be published in the newspapers at a cost of from $1,000,000 to $2,000,000 to be paid by the government. It is also to be printed on 100,000 posters, in magazines, in religious press, in foreign press, in street cars, and factory bulletins.

FRENCH MAKE ATTACK ON THE AISNE

(By Associated Press)

France, August 16—The war office today announces that the French made an attack on the Aisne and have captured the German trenches. Four counter attacks were made by the Germans all of which were repulsed.

WASHINGTON POLICE DESTROY SUFF. BANNERS

Washington, D. C., Aug. 16.—The Washington police today took a hand in the destruction of suffragists banners, and an inspector and two policemen tore down several banners inscribed to Kaiser Wilson. The women carrying the banners were given to understand that the regulations suffragists banners would not be molested. Before the police arrived a party of men had destroyed several banners.

POPULAR YOUNG COUPLE MARRIED

The marriage of Miss Ruth Withelmina Anderson, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Adolph F. Anderson, and Cedric Leroy Wood, son of Mr. and Mrs. Rufus Wood, occurred Wednesday evening at the home of the bride's parents on Myrtle avenue.

The nuptials occurred in the parlor of the home, which was prettily decorated with tall potted palms, golden glows, and bouquets of cut flowers. Seventy or more relatives and friends were in attendance at the ceremony.

The marriage service was impressively performed by Rev. I. F. Barnes, pastor of the Advent Christian church, and the double ring service was used.

The bride's gown was of white crepe de chine trimmed with Spanish lace and pearl trimming. She wore a veil of tulle caught with sprays of swansonia blossoms and carried a shower bouquet of bride roses and maiden hair ferns.

Miss Ethel Bernhardina Anderson, sister of the bride, as maid of honor, wore a gown of light green taffeta with black velvet ribbon trimmings. Her bouquet was of pink carnations. Philip S. Marshall, cousin of the groom, acted as best man.

At the entrance of the bridal party the Lohengrin wedding march was rendered by Miss Ethel Procter, pianist, and Mr. Howard Procter, violinist.

Following the marriage a reception was held during which many pleasing selections were rendered by Miss and Mr. Procter.

A wedding repast of ice cream, assorted cake, fancy wafers, and fruit punch was served and boxes of the wedding cake were distributed among the guests.

Mr. and Mrs. Wood left later on their bridal trip to the White Mountains and Lake Winnipesaukee by automobile.

The going-away gown was a tailor-made suit of blue wool velour worn with a white Georgette crepe waist and a white milan hat with white feather trimmings.

Upon their return Mr. and Mrs. Wood will reside at 129 Parrott avenue.

Both are members of the Advent Christian church and are held in the highest esteem. The bride has held a position in R. R. Seekin's millinery store for the past nine years.

The groom's gift to the bride was a solid gold pendant. To the best man and Mr. Procter he gave gold enameled cuff links. The bride's favor to the maid of honor was a silver bar pin set with pearls and to Miss Procter, a gold friendship pin.

The good wishes of all their acquaintances are extended to the couple for their future happiness.

Among the out of town guests present were Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Rand of Deerfield; Mr. John Miles of Boston, and Mrs. Wood of Arlington, Mass.

The wedding gifts were displayed in an upper room and comprised a large, rich and varied assortment of silver, china and cut glass, testifying to the esteem of many friends.

BANKRUPTCY PROCEEEDINGS INSTITUTED

(By Associated Press)

Boston, August 16—Bankruptcy proceedings were instituted against the W. A. Bacon Company today for a claim of $2,593. The W. A. Bacon Company is one of the largest department stores and succeeded the Henry Seigel Company after that company became insolvent.

MINISTER PASSES AWAY AT WORCESTER

(By Associated Press)

Worcester, Mass., August 16—Rev. John A. Pogue, pastor of the Congregational church at Salem until last February, when he suffered an accident which incapacitated him and caused him to be removed to his brother's residence here, died today.

GERMAN TROOPS COMMENCE NEW DRIVE

(By Associated Press)

London, August 16—Another drive has been made by the German troops along a wide front opposite Polyeon, the French stronghold. According to the official statement, 100 prisoners have been captured.

SCHOONER DAMAGED BY LIGHTNING

The schooner Priscilla, from St. Johns for Boston with lumber, lying in the lower harbor, was struck by lightning on Thursday morning and two feet of the foremast broken off. One of the crew was rendered unconscious by the bolt for a time.

MUCH DAMAGE DONE BY STORM IN THIS CITY

Heavy Rain and Electrical Disturbance Hits Electric Car and Telephone Service--Several Places Struck By Lightning

The most severe electrical storm that has visited this city and section for many years commenced shortly after 6 o'clock Thursday morning. It lasted for upwards of one hour and during that time several buildings were struck by bolts of lightning, the electric railroad service on both sides of the river crippled for a time, the streets awash and many cellars flooded. The downpour of rain was exceptionally heavy and streets in the central part of the city resembled miniature rivers. At the corner of Vaughan and Hanover streets dirt was washed in such quantities as to choke the sewer traps and for a time the street was practically impassable for pedestrians.

The peals of thunder were very heavy and frequent. The damage done by the storm as far as could be learned is as follows:

Starts Two Fires.

At 6.18 an alarm came in from Box 25 for a fire at the bakery of C. E. Leach, Jr., on Marcy street, but only slight damage resulted. The lightning came in on the electric light wires leading to a meter and quickly started the woodwork blazing in the partitions. The chemical crew could have handled the fire but the proprietor thought it was safety first and pulled in a general alarm. The firemen were about finished on this fire when the second alarm came in from Box 29 at the corner of Hawthorne and Wibird streets for a fire at the residence of Mrs. E. P. Kimball on South street. The family knew nothing about the fire when the alarm sounded. It was discovered by a workman on his way to the navy yard who pulled in the box and rushed back to inform the inmates.

Mixes Up the Alarm.

While box 29 was sounding somebody rushed to box 64 at the corner of Sagamore avenue and South street and pulled in the alarm from this station. Eight blows sounded followed by three, which gave the people the idea that the third fire was in progress.

This fire was confined to the big cupola. The department kept the blaze confined there with two hydrant streams and that of the chemical.

The damage is estimated at about $800, caused mostly by the water getting into the main building.

Electric Road Hit Hard.

The Portsmouth Electric railway suffered a variety of damage at different places on the line. The feed wires were cut clean off at the corner of Middle and Congress streets and at the junction of Sagamore avenue and Jones avenue. Sand and dirt washed on the tracks on Dennett street and Sagamore avenue to such an extent that the car crews were obliged to shovel it off in order to move the cars.

Three feet of water flooded the tracks near the Bartlett street bridge and for a while no cars could be run out from the car barn.

The first car in over the Rye line was put out of commission at the Cable road where all electric appliances of the car were burned out.

Fire at Car Barn.

In the height of the storm the foreman at the car barn discovered a fire had started in a corner of the building. He succeeded in checking it with hand extinguishers with only slight damage.

Snaps Off Big Pole.

A large electric light pole at the corner of Lincoln avenue and Middle street which had just been put in place was snapped off and fell across the sidewalk.

Hits Shanty and House.

A bolt cleaned off the chimney of the car inspectors shanty in the Boston and Maine railroad yard and the residence of Clifton Pike on Dennett street. At the latter place some of the roof was damaged, but no fire resulted.

Telephone System Affected.

The fact that the storm was centralized over Portsmouth saved the telephone company much expense and trouble. The trunk lines were all intact when the storm cleared, but 75 local lines carrying between two and three hundred subscribers were affected, mostly by the loss of fuse wires, etc. The company put every available man out to clear up the trouble and it is expected that the complete service will be resumed by Friday morning.

On the Kittery Side.

The storm did considerable damage to the cars of the Portsmouth, Dover and York Street railroad, the motors of five cars being burned out. The power plant of the Twin City Lighting Company in Dover, which supplies the power for the Dover line was damaged to quite an extent and in consequence the half hour schedule on the Portsmouth and Dover line has been abandoned for the present.

Velie automobiles. C. E. Woods, street.

Gowns of Unusual Beauty

are a feature of our ready-to-wear department that will please the most exacting buyer. These are carefully selected from leading New York makers who cater to the finest trade of the country. The styles are exclusive as we rarely buy two alike, the models are new and attractive, the fit and finish perfect in every way.

FINE FRENCH SERGE DRESSES in brown and navy blue in graceful and becoming styles $8.98, $12.00, $15.00

BEAUTIFUL GOWNS of taffeta, crepe de chine and Georgette crepe, white, black, navy, taupe, grey and gold $15.00, $22.50, $27.50

Geo. B. French Co.

VACATION TIME SUGGESTIONS

Bathing Suits for Misses and Ladies .... $2.50 to $5.98

Pure Rubber Bathing Caps ..... 25c to 75c

Books (Popular rebinds) all the new titles .... 60c copy

Toilet Articles, Talcum Powder, Face Powder, Toilet Water, Tooth Powder and Paste.

Hosiery, silk plaited in all the wanted colors, also black and white ..... 45c pr.

Gossard, LaGrecque and R. & G. Corsets .. $1 to $6.50
Come and be fitted before you go away.

L. E. STAPLES
MARKET STREET

STATE THEATRES PLACED ON A DEMOCRATIC BASIS

(By Associated Press)

Petrograd, August 16—Russia's universal democratization is embracing the former imperial, now state theatres, which heretofore have been governed autocratically by a general director who was a nominee of the Emperor and was subject to the now abolished ministry of the court. The last general director was M. Telikowsky who rendered considerable artistic services to the stage, but provoked complaints by his disposition and by the extravagance with which he expended the $1,500,000 state subsidy.

Feodor Golovin, liquidating commissary of the ministry of the court, has issued an order establishing the future direction of the state theatres on a democratic basis. The theatres are made self-governing. The basic principle is majority rule in artistic, economic and social affairs by councils elected by the artists, musicians, employes.

The office of general director of state theatres is abolished, the director being replaced by a plenipotentiary commissary of the provisional government, under whom in each theatre, will be a director elected by the employees. Every theatre troupe will elect its own artistic repertory committee, which will decide what is to be staged and how it is to be staged, and will distribute roles.

The existing theatre literary committees will be reformed and will constitute part of the artistic repertory committees. Each literary committee will consist of three persons who have accomplished something notable in literature, dramatic or critical work. The literary committees will be obliged to read, and present a written report on every play or opera submitted. This will reform the existing abuse under which many promising plays go unread because the author has no influence.

These reforms mean complete theatre autonomy. The reformed theatre will be run by its staff. The French Michailoff Theatre of Petrograd which exists mainly for the recreation of diplomats, is excluded from the reform. As a large part of its employees are French, a special law must be drafted for its government. There is a strong democratic agitation in favor of abolishing the French theatre as costly and unnecessary.

Not only the government stage is being reformed. As result of the abolition of the censorship, 41 Petrograd factories and workshops lately sent delegates to a congress which decided to found a great Workmen's theatre on the lines of the Socialistic People's Theatre of Dr. Bruno Willie, in Berlin.

Another new foundation is the Free Theatre which will produce for workingmen at nominal prices the comedies of Ostrovsky, the atmosphere dramas of Anton Tchekoff, and the works of Wilde, Engel, Andreyeff, of Shaw and other modern dramatists. First rate artists from state and from private theatres have promised to perform periodically without pay or for nominal renumeration. For the present the Free Theatre will be without its own building; and performances will be held in succession in different factory buildings and warehouses.

"A renascence of the Russian drama on the principles of the revolution is the next step in our artistic regeneration," says Maxim Gorky.

DEATH OF HER HUSBAND PROMPTED ENLISTMENT

(By Associated Press)

New York, Aug. 16.—It was the death of her husband which prompted Ensign Vera Butchkareff to enlist in the Russian army and eventually to organize the Women's Legion of Death, of which she is commander and which achieved fame in a recent battle with the Germans, according to facts received by the Russian Information Bureau here. According to this information, Vera Butchkareff is a young country woman who went to Petrograd from her native village in the province of Tomsk.

Having learned in May, 1915, that her husband was dead on the German frontier, she made up her mind to continue the task which her husband began, and enlisted in the 25th Reserve Corps of Tomsk.

After a comparatively short training, she went to the front with a company that was to fill the ranks. Colonel Stubindorf enlisted her as a regular in the 25th Polotzk Regiment, 2d Army. For three months, Vera Butchkareff fought with a rifle and on March 8, 1916, was wounded in the leg under heavy artillery fire in a battle which took place on Lake Naroch. The wound notwithstanding, she remained at the front with her comrades who captured two lines of trenches and one thousand prisoners.

On March 9, after the commander and the captain were killed, she led the soldiers in an attack which resulted in victory for the Russians.

Afterward she went to the Austrian front, and was wounded in her arm, while taking part in a counter-charge near the Doubova Korchma. Nevertheless, she retained her position in the army. But in the next charge she was wounded severely by a fragment of a shell. She was taken to the hospital where she remained for four months. Immediately upon recovery, she went to Petrograd and saw M. Rodzianko, President of the Duma, to ask permission to organize a company of women. In a recent interview, Vera Butchkareff said:

"I saw the President of the Duma and obtained permission to form a woman's company which is to leave for the front at once. We will set an example to the men soldiers, many of whom misunderstood the meaning of liberty. It is enough to point to the desertions, to the fraternization and to all the undesirable phenomena that are responsible for the disorganization of our forces. I will sacrifice my life for my country and I am sure that I will find followers among women. Woman's mission is not only to give life to man but it is also up to us women to teach men how to defend the new-born freedom."

You Who Build for Investment

WHEN building for investment, you must first consider cost—the factor which determines the profit. Yet you dare not sacrifice either quality or appearance. Time spent in considering materials, with these objects in mind, is time well spent.

If you are really going to build we can secure for you, FREE, some handsome and very practical booklets on this subject. No obligation; send us your name and address.

Littlefield Lumber Co.

Note—The beautiful grain of North Carolina Pine, as well as its splendid susceptibility to stain, which it and only it renders it especially desirable for interior trim.

ELIOT

Eliot, Me., August 16—The Red Cross benefit which was given on Wednesday afternoon at the Fellowship house, Green Acre, was a decided success. Candies, flowers and cake were sold and a collection was taken. An interesting program was presented which included solos by Mrs. Ingils, with cello accompaniment by Mrs. Albert Libbey of Philadelphia, contralto solos by Miss Dorstein, cello selections by Carl Behr, original poem by Mrs. Dix, address by Ali Kurli Kahn, three patriotic poems by Mr. Ralph W. Brown. Miss Barbara Sitting had charge of the affair.

The sum of $60.25 was realized which was turned over to the local branch of the Red Cross.

The Congregational Church society are planning for a mid-summer carnival next Wednesday afternoon and evening.

Mrs. J. Y. Wingate of Dover is visiting her sister, Mrs. W. A. Coleman.

There was a meeting of the school committee last Monday night.

Warren L. Spinney, Charles W. Frost, Willie C. Franklin, Edwin M. Brooks, Harry N. Goodwin, Otis A. Mugridge, Edward E. Plimpton and Herbert L. Herth of this town have been notified to report for physical examination this week for military duty.

John Brooks has returned to his home in Potsdam, N. Y., after a short stay at his summer home here.

Gowen Brooks and family have returned to their home in Washington, D. C., after passing a few weeks in town.

Mrs. Breed of New York is among the recent arrivals at Greenacre.

The Red Cross sale held at the Fellowship house Wednesday afternoon was a very pleasing affair. A musical and literary program was given and the sale of candy, flowers, etc., proved very remunerative.

The Old Eliot Academy reunion and banquet will be held at Grange hall Friday evening.

Willis Hayden of Cleveland, Ohio is visiting in town.

Alice Findley of Lynn, Mass., is visiting Mrs. Homer Shorey.

Mr. George A. Emery is employed at Kittery at present.

Mrs. Alice Hinchcliff who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. Walter Hodgdon has returned to her home.

Miss Alice Hodgdon is visiting relatives in Lynn.

James A. Coleman is acting as chef for a party of boy campers near Goulds Crossing.

Mr. Smith of Kennebunk was a business visitor in town on Wednesday.

Miss Emily Ramsburg is the guest of her grandmother, Mrs. Samuel Dixon.

Mrs. Robert Wakefield returned to her home in Providence, R. I., Wednesday accompanied by her daughter Marion, after a visit of several weeks with her mother, Mrs. Ella Paul.

Mrs. Nettie McPhail of Boston is passing a vacation with her mother, Mrs. R. F. Dixon.

Miss Jessie Fernald attended the meeting of the Piscataqua Pioneers held at Exeter Wednesday.

Mrs. Harry L. Staples and niece, Mrs. Walter Cole of Portsmouth are on a two weeks' sojourn at Alton Bay.

The Shapleigh reunion was held at Ogunquit Thursday with a large attendance.

KITTERY

Kittery, Aug. 16.—Mrs. Charles W. Philbrick of Rogers road on Wednesday afternoon entertained several of her friends in honor of her guest, Miss Sadbette Fernald of Sharon, Mass. A most delightful and entertaining program was rendered during the afternoon consisting of selections by the mandolin club, Mrs. Philbrick, piano; Mrs. Charles Rudolph, violin, Mrs. A. S. Wildes and Miss Louise Newson, mandolins; vocal solos by Miss Hattie M. Langton; violin solos by Mrs. Rudolph; readings by Mrs. Blanches Bell Taylor of Portsmouth and piano duets by Mrs. Philbrick and Miss Fernald. Dainty refreshments of candy, harlequin ice cream, fancy cakes and crackers were served.

The social committee of the Epworth League will hold an important meeting tonight at the home of Miss Marion Milliken.

Kittery Grange meets tonight at Odd Fellows' hall.

Edwin Curtis of Lewiston has been passing a few days with his brother, George Curtis, and wife of Jones avenue.

Mr. and Mrs. Elihu Parker of Lynn, Mass., are guests of Mrs. Myra Baker of the Intervene.

Herman R. Boulter of Main street has resumed his duties at the navy yard after a week's vacation

Mr. and Mrs. A. S. Wildes of Wentworth street have returned from a vacation trip to Bath.

This evening at 8 o'clock Rev. Bertram Wentworth will conduct a Bible reading on Peter, at the prayer meeting of the First M. E. church.

Miss Sarah Wadleigh of Boston is visiting her sister, Mrs. James R. Philbrick of Whipple road.

Master George Frost of Otis avenue is visiting his brother, Charles Frost, at Kittery Point.

Charles Rudolph, U. S. N., has returned to his duties after passing a week in town with his family.

The children of the Cradle Roll and their mothers, of the Second Christian Sunday school, are invited to the home of Mrs. Willard Locke at Locke's Cove on Friday afternoon from 2 to 4 o'clock.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Baker and children returned on Wednesday from a visit to relatives in York.

Henry Thompson of Otis avenue is having a few days' rest from his work at the navy yard.

Miss Florence Hildreth of York was a visitor in town on Wednesday.

"FRIEND MARTHA"

A Delightful Comedy Opens Season at Plymouth Theatre Next Monday, Aug. 20.

A play of naive and delightful humor, refreshingly true sentiment and an unfailingly human touch is said to truly describe Edward Peple's latest comedy "Friend Martha" which will re-open the Plymouth Theatre, Boston, next Monday evening, Aug. 20, a welcome relief from the drama of crooks and crime, mixed marriage relations and sudden death that has been having its innings too long a time. Mr. Peple is best known to the theatre-goers for his notable successes "The Prince Chap," "The Littlest Rebel" and "A Pair of Sixes" and in addition to the characteristic cheerfulness which he has brought to his new play, he has also imbued it with the spirit of romantic adventure and all the nerve of youth and love and spring.

"Friend Martha" tells the story of a wilful little maiden whom love leads along paths never planned or contemplated by very conservative parents, and although she has many and diverse difficulties to overcome, the young hearts win out, as they have a way of doing, in the end. But it is Martha's manner of rebelling against the decrees of her elders, and her masterly playing of the game of "heart's desire," that furnishes developments delightful to the most blase of theatre-goers.

Edgar MacGregor, who has been connected with many a notable theatrical success, has "Friend Martha" under his managerial direction, and he has gathered together an especially distinguished assemblage of actors. The cast includes such well-known broadway favorites as Edmund Breese, Oza Waldron, Charles A. Stevenson, R. Leigh Denny, Helen Lowell, Florence Edney, Sydney Greenstreet, Lizzie Hudson Collier, Wallace Erskine and John L. Shine.

If the Boston and Maine has to build a new bridge so as to allow the new ships to pass out of the river in addition to doing its track work on Middle street the aforementioned B. and M. will not have a great deal of love for Portsmouth.

PREDICTIONS OF A WORLD WIDE FAMINE OF MEAT

(By Associated Press)

London, August 16—Predictions of a world famine of meat after the war were made recently by Viscount Lewis Harcourt. He said the decrease of pasture land resulting from more extensive cultivation would reduce the supply of cattle, and the supply of home-produced meat would be further affected by the decision of the war office to feed the army for three months on home grown meat.

While at the board of trade last year he obtained estimates of the German government that it would take five years after the war to restore Germany's stock of cattle to the normal figure of 23,000,000 head.

He estimated that after the war Europe would want to obtain or import 10,000,000 to 20,000,000 head of cattle. For several years Germany would have to feed her people on imported frozen or chilled meat and would come into a market where she had never bought before. Further the men of the allied armies had been taught to eat a pound of meat a day and one could not expect that they would abandon that habit immediately.

GREAT BRITAIN IS WARNED BY CHANCELLOR

London, August 16—Warning that Great Britain could not go on spending money at the present rate without serious disadvantage, was given recently in the house of commons by Andrew Bonar Law, Chancellor of the Exchequer. The disadvantage, he said, would be realized more completely when the war was over than now. So long as the government was raising funds for the prosecution of the war by loans, Mr. Law told the house of commons, the country was living in a false atmosphere. The position after the end o fthe war, he predicted would require all the skill and ability which the government could exercise. He added that he would like to have raised a larger proportion of the expenditures by revenues, but he pointed out the dangers of excessive taxation.

KITTERY POINT

Kittery Point, August 16—A very successful mid-summer sale under the auspices of the Ladies' Sewing Circle of the Congregational church was held on the church grounds Wednesday afternoon. The tables presented a very attractive appearance. The ladies in charge of the different tables were Mrs. T. B. Hoyt, Mrs. Oscar Clark, candy; fancy work, Mrs. G. S. Gunnison, Mrs. Ellen Billings, Miss Helen Waterworth; aprons, Miss Raynes, Mrs Wterworth, Mrs. Fannie Clark; dolls, Mrs. Harry Rose; flowers, Misses Eliza beth and Caroline Cutts; cake, Mrs. J. C. Cutts; ice cream, Mrs. G. A. Berry and Mrs. Emery Currier; tea table, Miss Margaret Wood, Miss Rosamond Wild; grab bag, Mrs. L. E. Eeeger. The concert which was held in the evening at the church was well attended and was in charge of Miss Julia Duncan. Following is the program:

Piano solo—Mrs. Norman F. Moore.

Reading, "Jim"—Miss Elizabeth Cutts.

Vocal solo, "Love, Here Is My Heart," Silesce—Mrs. Oscar T. Clark.

Reading, selected—Mrs. John Colby Abbott.

Duet, piano and violin—Miss Margaret and Harold Owen.

Reading, Belgium, The Bar-Lass—Miss Rosamond Wild.

Two old songs: "Drink To Me With Thine Eyes," "Believe Me If All Those Endearing Young Charms"—Mrs Geo. H. Treadwell.

Reading, selected—Miss Mary Heffenger.

Vocal solo, "A Spirit Flower," "By the Waters of Minnetonka"—Miss Irene Farren.

Reading, selected—Mrs. Abbott.

Vocal solo, selected—Mrs. Clark.

Reading, selected—Miss Heffenger.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Vargus have returned to their home in Boston after spending two weeks with Mr. and Mrs. James Coleman.

Mrs. John Pruett is visiting relatives in Portland for a few days.

Mrs. Thurston Patch and two children of Oakland Farm, spent Wednesday with friends in the village.

Miss Myrtle Fish of Damriscotta, Me., is visiting friends in town.

Dr. Francis J. Dever and Mrs. Dever of Philadelphia, Pa., are guests at the Pepperrell hotel for the remainder of this month.

Miss Beatrix Clark has returned to the Boothbay hospital after passing two weeks with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Clark.

Mrs. Joseph Moulton has returned to her home after visiting friends out of town for several weeks.

Owing to the severe storm this morning the electric cars were stalled for several hours, many people walking to the navy yard and Portsmouth.

SON OF JUDGE HOLLISTER TAKES BRIDE

Miss Ellen West Rollins, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Montgomery Rollins, of 481 Hammond street, Chestnut Hill, was on Wednesday married to John Baker Hollister, son of Judge and Mrs. Howard C. Hollister of Cincinnati and Little Boar's Head, N. H. The wedding took place in the Church of the Redeemer at Chestnut Hill, the past or the Rev. Lucien W. Rogers officiating. Music was by the church organist, Walter S. Kugler.

The bride was attended by her sister, Miss Sarah Webster Rollins, as maid of honor, and the bridesmaids were Miss Evelyn Hollister, sister of the bridegroom; Miss Muriel Saltonstall, Miss Isabelle Mumford and Miss Eleanor Baker, all of Chestnut Hill; Miss Julia Coolidge and Miss Hilda Greenleaf of Boston, Frederick W. Chatfield of Cincinnati was best man and the ushers were friends of the bridegroom who have been training with him in the heavy artillery at Fort Monroe.

A reception at the home of the bride's parents followed the ceremony, Judge and Mrs. Hollister assisting in receiving the guests.

Few Drops on a Corn or Callus

Instantly stops pain and they lift right off with fingers.

This tiny bottle holds the wonder of wonders. It contains an almost magical drug called freezone. It is a compound made from ether.

Apply a few drops of this freezone upon a tender, aching corn or a hardened callus. Instantly the soreness disappears and shortly you will find the corn or callus so shriveled and loose that you just lift it off with the fingers. It doesn't hurt one particle.

You feel no pain or soreness when applying freezone or afterwards. It doesn't even irritate the skin.

Just ask in any drug store for a small bottle of freezone. This will cost but a few cents but will positively rid your poor, suffering feet of every hard corn, soft corn, or corn between the toes, or the tough calluses on bottom of feet.

Women! Keep a tiny bottle on the dresser and never let a corn ache twice.

EXETER

Exeter, August 16—A young man arrived in town Tuesday evening who did not intend that the lack of money should make him a "slacker". He was on his way from Portland, Me., to Providence, R. I., to be examined for the draft and had money enough to ride only as far as Portsmouth. He started to walk the remainder of the distance, lost his way and went around by Hampton Beach and arrived here after traveling many miles out of his path. He was compelled to stay in the police station for the night. Tuesday he started out almost penniless but bound to do his duty. The young man was well dressed.

Edward W. Adams, well known among the old-time politicians, observed his 77th birthday which he spent quietly at his home but was remembered by his friends.

D. C. Darnell of Rutland, Vt., and Henry Parker of Greenfield, Mass., are among the guests registered at the Squamscott house.

William Minaton yesterday received a notice to appear before the Grafton county draft board for examination at Woodsville. He was a member of the Third Company, Coast Artillery which left Fort Stark and was rejected on account of physical disability.

Read the Want Ads.

Weather Hot

calls for suitable clothing.

You want to see the nice, "cool mohairs" and "tropical worsteds" that we have. You cannot be anything but cool in one of them. We also have thin summer serges and flannels.

WOOD THE TAILOR

Maker of Quality Clothes

HAMPTON BEACH

Week of August 13

THURS., FRI., SAT.

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THE SIX SOLARES

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WHOLESALE COMMISSION MERCHANT IN

Fruits and Produce

Potatoes, Select Oranges, Grapefruit, Peaches, Pineapples, Bananas, Plums, Pears, Grapes, Melons, Berries

Naval Stores Contractor

Mr. Dedes personally selects these fruits at the Boston and New York markets.

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Arthur Dedes

PRESERVING

Preserving time is here and now is the time to lay in your winter's supply of food. Don't let vegetables or fruit die on the vines, but put them in glass jars. Following is a partial list of things we sell in the preserving line:

FRUIT JARS—Half pints, pints, quarts and half gallons
The Ideal and Economy are the best two sellers.
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FOLDING CLOTHES DRYERS AT SPECIAL PRICES

Cotton Lines and the most practical Dryer to use.

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CANADIAN TROOPS HAVE ENTERED LENSE

Long Contested Vantage Point on Western Front is Scene of Desperate Close Quarters Fighting Between British and Germans

(By Associated Press)

Lens, the center of terrific fighting, and the objective of the Canadian forces with the British armies on the Western front for many months is the scene of the greatest struggle just now. With the capture by the Canadians of Hill 70 just to the north of Lens on Wednesday the Canadians continued from the northwest, entered Lens and are engaged in desperate fighting at close quarters.

After the capture of Hill 70, which has been the stumbling block in the progress against Lens, one of the key notes of the German defense on the Western front, the victorious forces closed in on the city capturing villages and towns, suburbs of the city, to the north, northwest and southwest and finally entered the city.

German counter attacks to drive out the Canadians were fruitless and several attempts were unsuccessful. The Germans after leaving Hill 70 made desperate efforts by counter attacks to check the progress of the advancing troops but were everywhere driven back before the determined soldiers.

While the Canadian casualties were slight the Germans lost heavily in killed and wounded and more than 300 were made prisoner.

In Flanders the intensity of the artillery fighting continues unabated but the infantry, except on the French front, is confined to raids and patrol work.

The French troops after forcing the Germans back across the Dixmude road have captured the town of Bixschoote, to the southeast, making many prisoners.

MRS. WOOD APPEALS TO WOMEN TO PRACTICE FOOD ECONOMY

Manchester, Aug. 16.—Mrs. Mary I. Wood of Portsmouth, president of the New Hampshire Woman's Committee of the Council of National Defense and the State Committee of Public Safety, who has been in Manchester today in conference with several of the patriotic women of this city, has addressed the following letter to the women of New Hampshire:

"That America has entered the great war is a condition which we all accept in theory; but that the war is actually ours to win or to lose is not so clear to all of us who live in our quiet New England towns and villages.

"We have been slow to realize that conditions are less hopeful than we would like to believe; it has seemed and still seems to most of us that a single country, however powerful, with the help of two lesser countries, could not hold out against the world. When war was declared in Europe three years ago, we felt confident that Germany could not long pit herself against her powerful opponents. We anticipated its speedy end.

"But the war has continued, and nation after nation has become involved until at last, after our allies had gone down before the attacks of the enemy, after intrigues against our beloved country had been exposed, after treachery had been discovered even at the very capital of the nation, America has also entered the conflict.

"Do we still dare to be over-confident, with Germany, not yet forced back into her own boundaries; Francbled white, with no more men to give; Russia too busy with her own internal troubles to be counted as a definite factor?

"It is America, who, with Great Britain, must save the cause of democracy from an overwhelming defeat.

"Not only must America give her finest and best sons, she must give food to starving nations. Men, women, and children in France and Belgium and Servia and Roumania are facing actual starvation, and this condition is counted upon as one of the telling factors by which Germany hopes to win the war.

"The women of America cannot go into the trenches—their sons and brothers, dearer to them than life itself, must go; and in ever increasing numbers they must go until the war is over. Many of them will come back, if they come at all, broken and maimed and sick and weary.

"It is said that the women of France no longer smile, the time may not be far distant when we, too, shall cease to smile; when husband and brother and son and sweetheart lay in their long, last sleep in a foreign trench, or bruised, and crushed and broken, come back to us with the strength of their young manhood gone forever.

"These are harsh thoughts, but they are less harsh than the facts to which we are even yet deaf and blind.

"But there is one thing which the women of America can and must do, and the zeal with which they undertake their task will have much to do in the hastening of the end of this terrible war. They can help to feed the world.

"This can be done only by changing the habits of a whole people. We must no longer allow ourselves to rest in a 'God's paradise.' We must face the situation squarely. It is not enough to say that we are now living economically; many of us are so living, but the story is not all told in these words. We must live wisely. We must take an account of our resources and must not only give but share with other countries. Nor is this enough; we must share intelligently.

"We have planted wisely; we shall have an abundant harvest. Neither will this be enough, for our harvest must be wisely husbanded or the world will still suffer.

"America's production of potatoes alone will far exceed the need of normal times, but there will not be wheat enough for the necessity. Potatoes cannot, on account of their greater bulk, be transported to Europe so easily as wheat. Wise husbanding means, then, that the American woman must actually use potatoes instead of wheat.

"Because of the difficulty of transporting corn without deterioration, she must use corn meal in places where wheat flour has formerly been used and the wheat thus released must be sent to feed our allies.

"So must she learn a new economy of all food and fuel which comes from afar, for transportation and labor are alike disturbed by the conditions of war. Unless the women of America lend every effort the war may actually be lost through lack of food.

"The women of New Hampshire will not be slackers in this, their privilege of service. Already they are volunteering for the entire period of the war, volunteering to make all necessary sacrifice, to reorganize their households and their economies.

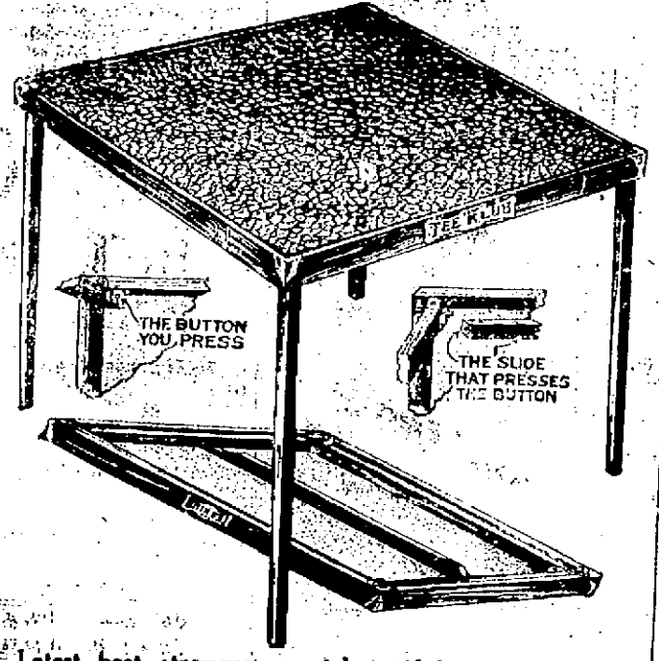
"By September first there will be in New Hampshire an army of women, larger than her quota of the war, who will not only take courses in this new household organization, but will agree to carry the information thus gained into the homes of those women who are not able to attend in person.

"Already there is coming to New Hampshire's women the spirit which sooner or later, if the war continues, must come to every woman in the country, a spirit which is at once co-operation and co-ordination of effort. Personal ambitions are being laid aside and a fine spirit of patriotic fervor is coming to life. A splendid feeling of equality is making itself manifest and those who were proud have become humble in a spirit of service, and those who were humble have become proud in this avenue of usefulness.

"We are already far along the road over which our sisters in England and Canada and France have passed; a road whose only goal is the country's need.

"Over the doorway of the home of every man and woman of New Hampshire we must write the word "food;" We must write it in white, now that we have the chance. We must write it in white, before our boys and men write it in red. We must write it in white, before the unrelenting hand of fate writes it in the deepest black. We must write it in white while there is hope, strength and life, for as surely as we do not, just so surely will it rise to mock us when it is all too late."

Tee Klub Folding Feather Weight Table



Latest, best, strongest, most beautiful and easily adjusted of any table yet made. No weak or awkward braces, but a simple push button locking device.

An Introductory Price of $2.67

For $3.50 Table will be made.

PORTSMOUTH FURNITURE CO.

Cor. Deer and Vaughan St. Near B. & M. Depot.

SEES ONLY PEACE FOR JAPAN AND UNITED STATES

(By Associated Press)

A Pacific Port, Aug. 15.—The danger of disputes between the United States and Japan are ended since the arrival three days ago of the Japanese war mission to the United States, declared Viscount Kishii, Ambassador Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to the United States, head of the mission, at a dinner here tonight.

We are certain, he declared of the high open heartedness of the peoples of the great western nation and friendly cooperation between Japan and the United States is to be the keynote of all future dealings.

Viscount Kishii reversed proceedings tonight by himself giving a dinner to which Brekenbridge Long, third assistant Secretary of State, was the guest of honor and army and navy officers attached to the staff, to the number of forty, attended.

ARMY OFFICERS SEEK AID OF AMERICAN RED STAR ANIMAL RELIEF.

Army officers are turning to the American Red Star Animal Relief to assist them in supplying their camps with horse ambulances, veterinary medicines, etc., with which to care for the thousands of animals that are being brought daily into the army. They appreciate that this organization is bending every effort to supply their needs with the funds placed at its disposal, and thus aid in conserving the lives of hundreds of horses and mules that must otherwise die from lack of proper care and attention. In some camps, conditions are reported as being very bad. Many horses and mules are dying from diseases that are entirely preventable because of the lack of necessary supplies. The task of furnishing this equipment to all the camps is an enormous one and though the War Department is bending every effort to relieve the situation, it cannot meet all the demands upon it.

The American Red Star Animal Relief was organized last year on the suggestion of Secretary of War Baker to perform for the army animal a work similar to that carried on by the Red Cross for the soldier. It is seeking an initial fund of $250,000 with which to purchase the necessary equipment. Branches have been organized in a large number of cities and are being vigorously developed by local people. The Los Angeles Branch has undertaken to raise $50,000 and has already contributed nearly $5,000 of this amount. Equally large goals have been set by the New York, Philadelphia and Boston branches. In San Francisco a big campaign will soon be on for members and funds, and it is expected that a large sum of money will be realized and made available for the national work.

While army animal relief work is new in this country, the fact that it is conducted by the American Humane Association, which has been in existence since 1877, is assurance of its stability and success. It has received the approval of Ex-Presidents Roosevelt and Taft, and many leading Generals including Wood, Scott and Bell. The following letter was recently received from Hon. Miles Poindexter, United States Senator from Washington: "I congratulate you upon the organization of the American Red Star Animal Relief and upon your active interest in the care and succor and relief of the animals employed in the European war. The humane impulses which find expression in this association closely affect our attitude towards men as well as animals. It also has a vast practical benefit upon the efficiency with which we will conduct the war."

An equally strong letter has also been received from Hon. Harry S. New, member of the Senate Committee on Military Affairs, in which he writes: "Permit me to say that I am heartily in sympathy with this movement and I sincerely believe that the organization is one of the most potent agencies for army animal conservation in the United States."

The headquarters of the American Red Star Animal Relief are located in Albany, N. Y., under the Director-Generalship of Dr. William O. Stillman, who has been for many years closely associated with anti-cruelty work. He is president of the American Humane Association and of a large local anti-cruelty society. The treasurer of the Red Star is Baker McDonald, chairman of the board of directors of the Nassau National Bank, Brooklyn, N. Y.

SOLUTION OF PERPETUAL MOTION

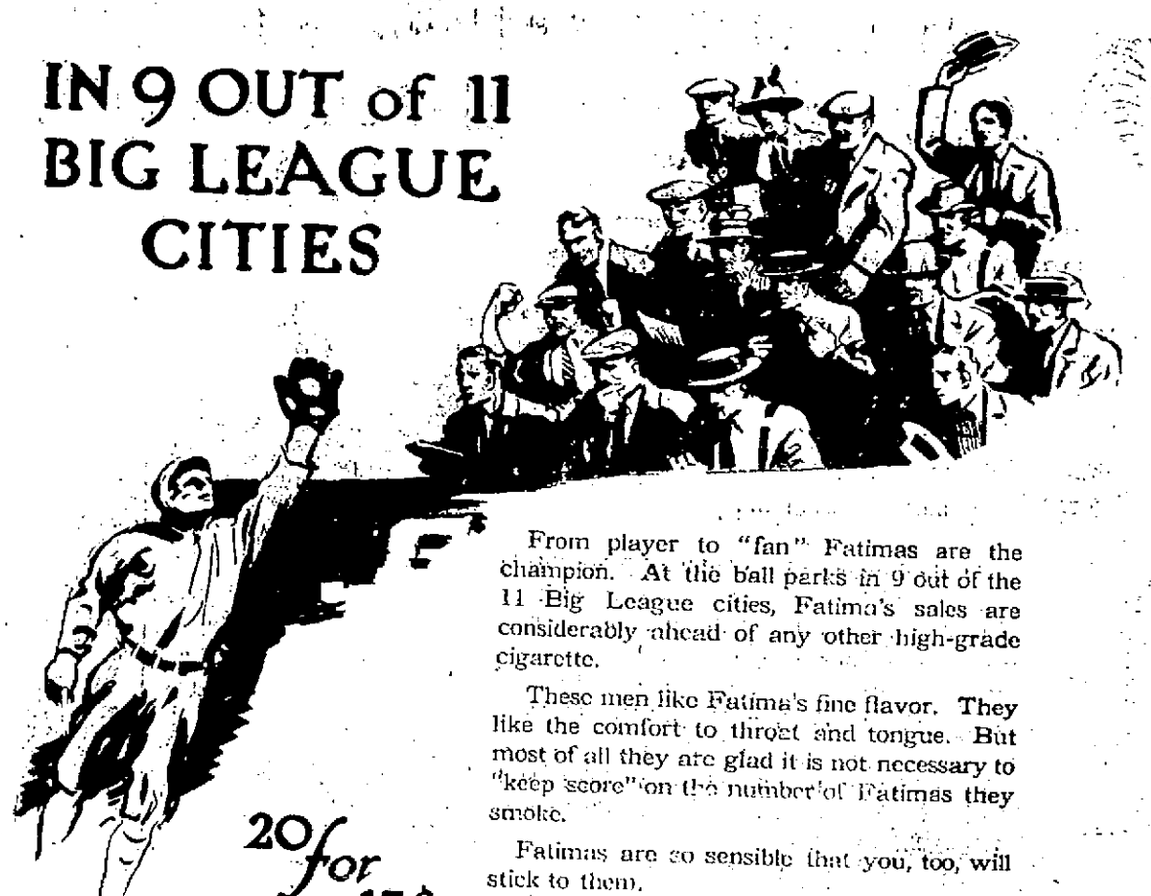
(By Associated Press)

Stockholm, August 15—It is claimed that an approach toward the solution of perpetual motion has been made by Theodore Dieden of Karslund and that a clock of his invention has been running continuously without other agency than varying atmospheric pressures, since November, 1916.

His invention consists of a chain of communication boxes with elastic sides, containing air pressure of 757 millimeters at a temperature of plus 18 celsius. It is asserted that an extreme movement of 28 centimeters—nearly ten inches can be produced by extremes of atmospheric pressure, and tha tthis movement is communicated to the clock's works.

For any Redness of the skin, for skin rashes, pimples, etc., try Doan's Ointment. 60c at all drug stores.

IN 9 OUT of 11 BIG LEAGUE CITIES



From player to "fan" Fatimas are the champion. At the ball parks in 9 out of the 11 Big League cities, Fatima's sales are considerably ahead of any other high-grade cigarette.

These men like Fatima's fine flavor. They like the comfort to throat and tongue. But most of all they are glad it is not necessary to "keep score" on the number of Fatimas they smoke.

Fatimas are so sensible that you, too, will stick to them.

20 for 15¢

Liggett & Myers Tobacco Co.

FATIMA

A Sensible Cigarette

MOVING CZAR AND FAMILY TO NEW POINT

(By Associated Press)

Petrograd, Aug. 15.—Former Emperor Nicholas and his family are being transferred to another point. They were removed in an ordinary train instead of in the gorgeous imperial train on which Nicholas was brought to the palace. The former emperor appeared to be very much depressed. Former Empress Alexandra seemed to be pleased at the prospect of a change.

The provisional government today formally refused to reveal the destination of the former imperial family.

N. V. Nekrasoff, vice-premier, said today that the removal of Nicholas was decided on after a series of secret sessions of the council of ministers late last month. The motives of the ministers, he said, are political and military. It was decided to get Nicholas out of the way before circumstances arose making it difficult. When the former emperor reaches his destination the facts will be announced.

At the time of the revolution Nicholas was at the front. On his way back to the capital he was arrested and taken to the Alexandrovsky Palace at Tsarskoeselo, 16 miles south of Petrograd, where the former imperial family has since been confined.

HOW NEW YORK PAPERS REGARD PEACE PLANS.

New York, Aug. 15—New York morning newspaper comment on the Pope's peace proposals follows:

WORLD—It is fair to presume that the Pope has not made a formal proposal looking toward peace without full consultation with the government at Vienna. In any case, the first response to the Vatican's proposals must come from the German government.

HERALD—In his present proposal the Pope speaks a word that the German government has not yet been able to bring itself to speak—"Restoration." When the hideous blight of Prussianism is destroyed forever the German people can have peace, not before.

TIMES—Of the awful bloodshed, the costs and the horrors of war, the whole world has grown so weary that the allies assuredly will not let this opportunity go without making faithful use of it to reach, if possible, some understanding that will open the way to peace. Unmistakeably it is a peace overture, and it comes from the Teutonic powers.

SUN—The difficulty of appraising peace proposals couched in general terms—even when inspired by a purpose as noble as that of Pope Benedict, is encountered at the very first contact with the suggested outline. As to Belgium, for instance, what is meant by restoration? Restoration that means no more than the criminal's withdrawal from the scene of his unspeakable crimes, or restoration that means reparation, restitution, indemnity?

STAATS ZEITUNG—A peace proposal from the Pope, whose neutrality is above suspicion, should be accorded a considerable hearing. Yet the proposal of the Vatican was not off the wires before it was met with the charge of being another "German trick." Who amongst us, whose vision is not red with blood and lust for blood, will deny that it merits respectful examination, discussion and attention?

GERMANY OPENS TRADE PLAN TO NETHERLANDS

(By Associated Press)

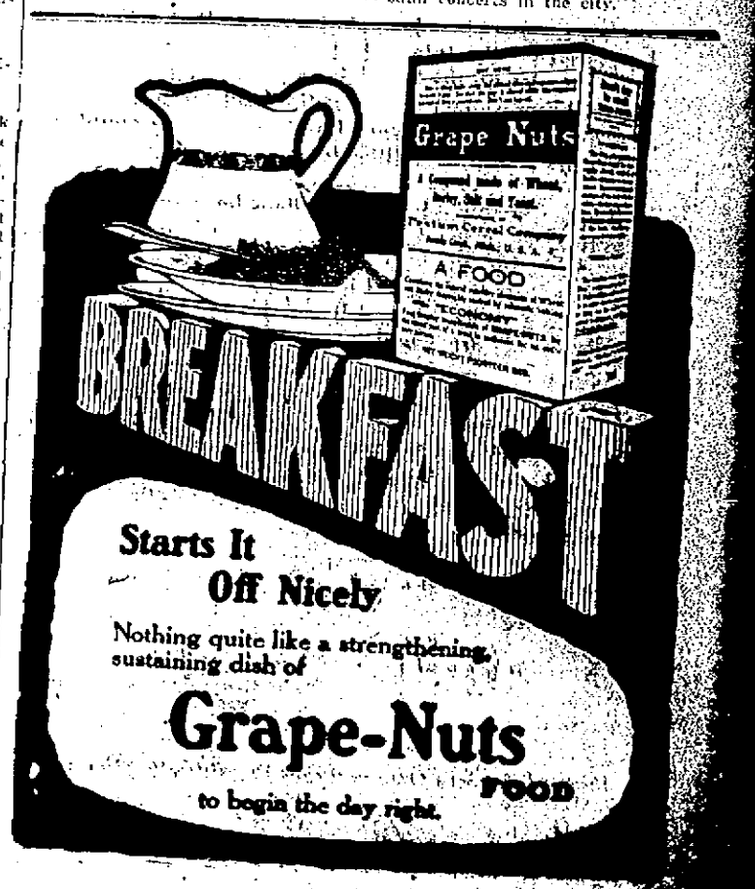
The Hague, Netherlands, Aug. 15.—The German government has agreed to permit the import of Dutch bulbs to a value of 1,500,000 marks, on condition that buyers shall make their remittances to a German bank, and that the sellers shall not draw the cash until six months after the raising of the state of siege in Germany. The bulb-growing industry is in a very unenviable position, for an absolute import prohibition has been put in force by Great Britain and Austria, two other good customers.

BELGIANS ARE FORCED TO DO ROAD REPAIRING

Rotterdam, Netherlands, Aug. 15.—The seeming contradiction between the news of continued deportations in Belgium, and German declarations that no deportations t oGermany have taken place since February last, apparently is to be explained by the fact that deported Belgians are now being sent to work behind the lines on the western front, in the repair of roads the laying of railroads and construction of works of defence. Instead of the former economic pretext, military grounds are put forward to justify these measures.

The fresh deportations began in the region of Luxemburg and Hainault, according to a correspondent of the Nieuwe Rotterdam Courant. In the former case the entire male population was transported to the neighborhood of the front in northern France. The social standing of the men was not considered. This seems to be the case at other places, too. People in Belgium fear these fresh deportations will be increased.

Summer is pretty well gone and we have not heard any of those promised band concerts in the city.



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FOR PORTSMOUTH AND PORTSMOUTH'S INTERESTS

TELEPHONES:

Editorial ..... 28 | Business 37

UNION LABEL

Portsmouth, N. H., Thursday, August 16, 1917.

Talking in Big Figures.

It s easy to talk in big figures and the habit of doing this is firmly fixed upon the American people. We have moved from millions to billions since the beginning of the war with an ease and promptitude which make mere millions seem now almost like small change. Certainly this is true with reference to a single million or a few millions. A government appropriation of less than hundreds of millions now strikes the average person as coming under the head of small or, at least, very ordinary business. It is only to be hoped that these millions and billions will not look too much larger than they do now when the time comes for paying the debt.

But in any case big figures are the order of the day and those who do not talk in them are not up to date. As a result the affairs of private life as well as those of the government seem cheap and small when they do not run at least into the millions. However, it costs no more to talk in millions and billions than to reckon in thousands and hundreds of thousands, and it must be assumed that if there is any satisfaction to be derived from this the people of this great and free country are entitled to it.

As an illustration of the satisfaction that comes from the contemplation of big projects the reported movement of the New York hotel men in the line of beef production may be cited. According to a report from Washington the hotel and restaurant men of New York are preparing to show the beef barons a thing or two. They have organized a committee to co-operate with Food Controller Hoover in bringing down the cost of living, and their plan is simplicity itself.

This plan provides for the purchase of 10,000 calves which are to be kept for two years, at the end of which time it is estimated that they will weigh 1,000 pounds each, as they should if properly fed and cared for. Having succeeded in this experiment, all that will be necessary will be to extend the enterprise and the next step will be to purchase 1,000,000 calves and stand ready to gather in 1,000,000,000 pounds of young and juicy beef two years later. Any school boy can figure out the comparatively short time that would elapse before the country would be flooded with beef at this rate. This scheme and the pleasure its contemplation must afford reminds one of the man who had never had any experience with poultry, but who read that hens should pay a net profit of $1 a year each. His mind immediately ran forward to big figures until he declared with emphasis that if he were not tied up to other business he would "at the end of twelve months own 5,000 hens and be netting $5,000 a year!"

If the men engaged in feeding the New York public undertake to raise their own beef they will have lots of fun—for a time. But the time will be short, and in the end they will have greater respect for the cattle growers and the horny-handed farmers than they have now, and will be convinced that the best rule in the world is, "Every man to his trade."

The large percentage of rejections of conscripts for physical deficiencies does not speak very well for the American system of body building. For years the schools, gymnasiums and athletic associations have been attempting much in the way of developing "sound minds in sound bodies," and now when the real test comes it is found that about 50 per cent of the young men of the country are unfit for military duty.

New England is quite right in urging that a New Englander be placed on the Interstate Commerce Commission. There are vacancies on the board to be filled. The West and South are well represented and New England ought to have at least one member. It is a very busy part of the country and its needs and wants are entitled to consideration.

It is reported that numerous aliens have expressed a willingness to serve in the American army. It is perfectly proper to permit this, but the idea of impressing them into the service, which has been advanced in some quarters, is all wrong. It would be a cowardly and illegal procedure, far beneath the dignity of this great nation.

Some are already clamoring for the death penalty for men who are resisting the draft. But would not this be somewhat excessive in view of the leniency the government has exercised toward those who failed to register, and in view of the small percentage of convicted murderers who pay the full penalty of their crimes?

On account of the high price of bread many housewives have reverted to the practice of bread making and have found that they can accomplish a substantial saving, notwithstanding the high price of flour. There is no living thing that will not fight when cornered, and the American housewife is no exception.

Most of the hay crop is under the shingles, the weather for the work having been very favorable—for those who could [illegible]

From the Exchanges

The Kaiser As a Witness

(From the Springfield Republican)

The squirming in Berlin on account of the publication in this country of the Kaiser's message to President Wilson on Aug. 10, 1914, indicates that embarrassment is felt there because of the disclosure. The semi-official Norddeutsche Allgemeine Zeitung attempts to discredit Mr. Gerard by denying that such a message exists, and then, curiously, it admits that "possibly" the Kaiser wrote a "memorandum" of his conversation with Gerard "so that the ambassador might not announce anything to Washington that was not correct." What difference does it make whether the Kaiser's communication be called a message, a telegram or a memorandum? It was confessedly the Kaiser's own version of the outbreak of the war. Washington now makes public the communication as it reached the President, and its authenticity is beyond question. Even the Cologne Gazette sees the futility of denying the genuineness of the Kaiser's message to the President and says so to its German readers.

The high historical value of this communication from the Kaiser, prepared just after his armies had entered Belgium, consists in the cumulative evidence it contains concerning Germany's reasons for violating Belgium's neutrality. The Kaiser virtually admits therein that his Government had no "knowledge" justifying the assumption that France was preparing to enter Belgium; he tells the truth, furthermore, in saying that Belgium "had to be violated by Germany on strategic grounds."

It is now an old story of perfidy in the breaking of treaties and in the ruthlessness of an innocent nationality for the sake of a "strategic" advantage over a foe that could not be easily attacked by way of his own frontiers; but it is also a fact that has colored the whole war and that cannot possibly be ignored in the peace-making.

We, Too, Can "Make" Things

(From the Baltimore Star)

The one thing the war has done that it will be well not to forget is that it has taught us that we are thoroughly able to get along without things that are "made in Germany."

Work Waiting For Mr. Taft

(From the Pittsburgh Gazette Times)

At no time in his life has Mr. Taft been of more value to the nation than since the beginning of the World War, and especially since the United States entered the great conflict. As adviser-at-large to the American people he has performed a wonderful service. He has been a steadying influence, a faithful guide, a sound counsellor. He has observed carefully the developments and perceived clearly the tendencies since the first shots were fired. His counsel has been from the first preparedness for war, but of more importance, preparedness for peace. On the side of mercy he has labored diligently, as one of the leaders of the Red Cross. No swashbuckler he, but when he saw war for us was inevitable and when we formally entered the war he was first among our public men to make plain that we went to war for America; that primarily our fight is for the rights of Americans. Throughout, however, he has striven untiringly to shape public opinion here and abroad, in favor of a peace that would reasonably insure death to war. There are evidences that his labors have not been without effect. His continued patriotic services are needed. Mr. Taft cannot be spared at this time.

The Call For Doctors

(From the Toronto Mail and Empire)

No more medical men are available in Britain for army service. Canada has mobilized a large number of medical men, but it and the United States have almost an excess yet. There is room here for an official effort at obtaining volunteers for the service.

"Little Foolishness"

(From the New York Herald)

As the senior senator from Wisconsin must know that the American people well understand that every peeper for peace at this time is working for the Kaiser, we cannot but admire the prescience of his forbears in equipping him with the name of Little Foolishness.

Arms: A Can, Rampant.

(From the Baltimore American)

We can! may properly be the slogan of American women.

Fit For Nothing

(From the Buffalo Express)

There are some members of Congress who would do poor work in the country if Congress should turn itself into a great Chautauqua next month to enlighten the people on the need of vigorous prosecution of the war.

They Fear He Will Recover

(From the Brooklyn Eagle)

A Bridgeport man, fearing military service, first married a widow with three children, and then took poison. He is in a hospital. Some fears of his recovery are entertained.

Fore!

(From the Syracuse Post-Standard)

Francis Quinet, drafted, is ready to go to the front. May he take his part in a great drive and later putt the Germans into a hole!

Dana Malone's Gifts

(From the Springfield Republican)

Dana Malone was an able lawyer whose name will be associated with those of other exceptional men whom Franklin county has given to the Massachusetts bar. Still in his prime when accident took him off, there seemed years of service and honor still before him. His mind was as clear as the glance of his eye, a glance alert and friendly, that will long be held in memory by those whose fortune it was to be among his friends. For in addition to his gifts as a lawyer he also had an exceptional gift of companionship. Without effusive talking, for he was given more to thinking than to talking, he was able to impress upon other men the sincerity of his interest and to win them to him.

Although he retired from the office of attorney general in 1910 and had since taken little active part in politics, except as his membership in the constitutional convention might be so considered, Dana Malone was an asset to his party and, without regard to party, an asset to the state, for he was wise in counsel. One's mind goes back to an evening, just eleven years ago, passed in the company of Dana Malone and the late Curtis Guild, then governor, in the discussion of political problems, both state and national. Governor Guild, brilliant and attractively impetuous, was quick as always to speak his mind—sometimes, it seemed, before he had fully formed it. In contrast were the utterances of Malone, with whom thought always preceded speech, but who gave to the expression of his views not merely a quiet clarity that was appealing in itself, but a charm that was born of sincerity and rare courtesy.

Why Are the Japanese Coming?

(From the Detroit Free Press)

The recurrent suggestion in cable despatches that Japan may ultimately send a big army to the Russian front is receiving emphasis and impetus from the imminence of a visit of commissioners from Tokio.

We know there is a theory that these commissioners are coming to Washington to discuss differences between the United States and their Government, and certain imaginative correspondents who delight in raising the "yellow peril" bugaboo on all occasions are writing mysteriously and throwing out hints and alarming suggestions. But at this moment such intimations are wild and far-fetched. The sensible thing in the absence of proof to the contrary is to assume that the commission from Tokio, like the commissions from London and Paris and Petrograd is coming primarily to discuss the war situation and future war plans.

If Nippon has any idea of sending, say, a million men to the Russian front, such a discussion will be absolutely imperative. There must be a more thorough understanding of plans than can possibly be obtained by wire or through the mails or by courier. There must be exhaustive and minute discussion and complete and definite pledges, and a determination of permanent policy. Japan must find out what she can expect from this country in the way of cooperation and supplies and possibly money, though just at present Japan is in a very good position financially. The United States on its side has a right to understand the scope of Tokio's plans and what warrant there is for large cooperation in a campaign.

Possibly some of these matters were talked over with the American commissioners to Russia while they were en route, but such a discussion could be only informal and tentative and a conference clothed with more ample powers would be necessary.

We may be certain of this: The appearance of a Japanese commission in the United States at this time presages the discussion of something far more important than the settlement of some petty dispute over the land laws in certain western states, or the treatment of the nationals of the respective countries, or other minor differences between America and Japan. Both countries are too busy with an important and pressing common interest to allow anything else to obtrude unduly.

Escaping By Teeth

(From the Baltimore American)

Philadelphia has put up to the general military authorities the question of whether persons rejected on account of physical defects easily remedied may be accepted after a second examination. There should be no doubt as to this. When the President issued his call for seventy thousand additional volunteers notice was given that persons who had been rejected on account of lack of height or weight might apply again. They were not, of course, compelled to appear, being volunteers.

The matter is quite different with men upon the official registration and called in the process of drafting from the lists.

Fully one-half of those rejected after medical examination are rejected upon the ground of bad teeth. They literally escape by the skin of their teeth. This appears to be trivial ground for exemption, as the defect in most cases is readily remedied. And the Government should provide dental treatment for all persons who have this as their only serious ailment. And after treatment they should be accepted. The same should be true of any other defect that is readily susceptible of correction. The present rate of rejection for physical reasons is a reflection upon the average of young American manhood.

Using Protective Methods

(From the Buffalo Express)

The harvest in South Dakota is proceeding with less trouble from the I. W. W. than in former years, owing to the activity of the Home Guard, which is said to have made the I. W. W. somewhat fearful of South Dakota. With proper precautions the harvest should be secured everywhere without serious incendiary losses.

Try a Want Ad for Results.

HOME-READING COURSE FOR CITIZEN-SOLDIERS

LESSON NO. 4.

Getting Ready for Camp.

(Preceding Lessons: 1. Your Post of Honor. 2. Making Good as a Soldier. 3. Nine Soldierly Qualities).

Your real training for your duties as a soldier will begin after you and your comrades are assembled at the training camps. However, there are a few simple things you can do during the next few weeks which will be of decided value in getting you started along the right lines.

The simplest thing, and perhaps the most useful of all, is to begin at once to practice correct habits of standing and walking. Even in civilian life a man's reputation in his community—yes, and for that matter his own self-respect—is determined to a surprising extent by his bearing. The man who slouches feels like a slouch. The man who holds his head up faces the world with confidence and courage.

If this is true in civilian life, it is ten times more true in military life. For a soldier must always be strongly marked by his snap, his precision and his vigor. He can not have these traits unless he carries himself like a soldier.

The Bearing of a Soldier.

Few people without military training have a correct idea of what is meant by the position and the bearing of a soldier. They are apt to imagine that it means a strut or an extremely strained attitude. Or, more frequently, they think that the term can properly be applied o any erect position. The truth of the case, however, is that there is a definite procedure to follow in order to place yourself in what is known in the army as "the position of a soldier," it is the position which the dismounted soldier always assumes at the command "Attention," except as it may be slightly modified to enable him to carry properly any arms he may have in his hands.

It will be well for you to memorize paragraph 61 of the Infantry Drill Regulations, which gives the complete and accurate description of the position of the soldier. This paragraph is slightly paraphrased and simplified in the description following: Keep in mind that there are ten elements which must be properly adjusted to each other, and check yourself up to see that each one of them is properly placed.

1. Heels—on the same line and as near each other as possible; most men should be able to stand with heels touching each other.

2. Feet—turned out equally and forming an angle of about 45 degrees.

3. Knees—straight without stiffness.

4. Hips—level and drawn back slightly; body erect and resting equally on the hips.

5. Chest—lifted and arched.

6. Shoulders—square and falling equally.

7. Arms—hanging naturally.

8. Hands—hanging naturally, thumb along the seam of the trousers.

9. Head—erect and squarely to the front; chin drawn in so that axis of head and neck is vertical (means that a straight line drawn through the center of head and neck should be vertical) eyes straight to the front.

10. Entire body—weight of body resting equally upon the heels and balls of the feet.

Note especially that you are not required to stand in a strained attitude. You are to be alert but not tense.

One of the very best things you can do today is to spend fifteen minutes practising this position, getting it right. Keep this up every day until you report at camp. In the army, as in every day life, first impressions are important. The first impression you make on your officers and fellows will depend, more than you probably realize, on the manner in which you stand and walk.

Making Yourself "Fit."

If you can devote part of your time between now and the opening of camp to physical exercise you are fortunate and should by all means take advantage of every opportunity. Climbing, jumping, gymnastic exercises, all kinds of competitive games, swimming, rowing, boxing, wrestling, and running, are all recommended as excellent methods of developing the skill, strength, endurance, grace, courage and self-reliance that every soldier needs.

There are some simple rules of eating and living which all of us should follow regularly. They will be especially helpful to you if you put them into practice in preparing for camp life.

Perhaps the most important of these rules is to use no alcohol of any kind.

If you have been in the habit of smoking immoderately, cut down; get your wind, your nerves and your digestion into the best possible condition.

Eat and drink moderately. Chew your food well. It is advisable, however, to drink a great deal of cool (not cold) water between meals. Don't eat between meals.

Keep away from soda fountains and soft drink stands. Learn to enjoy simple, nourishing food.

Accustom yourself to regular hours for sleeping, eating and the morning functions.

Don't "take a last fling." It may land you in the hospital. At the best, it will probably bring you into camp in an unfit condition to take up your new duties with profit and enjoyment. There are strenuous days ahead of you and it will be good sense on your part to make reasonable preparation for them.

Look Forward With Confidence.

You will find nothing required of you in the army that is beyond the powers of the every day American. You will see clearly ahead of you, after you have read this course, the path which you are to follow. Look forward with confidence. Enter the service with the firm determination of doing your best at all times, of playing square with your superiors, your associates, and yourself, and of taking care always of your assigned duties whatever may happen.

You will find that everyone else will treat you with courtesy and fairness—for that is the inflexible rule of the army. Out of that rule grows the comradeship and the attractiveness, even in the face of all dangers and hardships, that are characteristic of American army life.

TELEGRAPH OPERATORS SENTENCED

(By Associated Press)

Amsterdam, Netherlands, August 16.—Three telegraph operators who were charged with having supplied to an agent of the British Intelligence Service copies of telegrams exchanged between ministers of the central powers at the Hague and their governments have been sentenced here. The ringleader was condemned to a year's imprisonment. A girl operator, who had been drawn into the affair by the principal offender, was given an additional sentence of five months.

MEN WANTED FOR LUMBERJACK REGIMENT

Washington, August 16—The regiment of lumbermen officially known as the 10th Engineers (Forest) and nicknamed the "lumberjack regiment" has been recruited to full strength, and the Forest Service which has been keeping the men has been notified by the war department to list no more candidates for service with this regiment. In anticipation, however of a possible call soon for another regiment of the same character the listing officers all over the country have been instructed to continue listing names of suitable men who may be summoned when needed.

NAVY NOTES

Cruiser Expected

One of the cruisers which has been on the west coast for several years is later expected to come to the Portsmouth yard for extensive repairs.

Cooks and Bakers.

In view of the great need of cooks and bakers in the navy, cooks can enlist as ships-cooks, third and fourth class, with pay $35.50 per month. Bakers, second class, are paid $46.50. Clothing allowance for first enlistment $60.

Here for Conference.

Capt. Rush, commanding the Charlestown navy yard, and the first naval district, was at the Portsmouth yard today in conference with Capt. W. L. Howard.

ELECTRICAL CHIEF HERE

Chief Electrical Engineer G. W. Ballard of the Shattuck Shipbuilding Co., has arrived here. He has taken a lease of the Ball home on the Wentworth House road. His family arrived today.

BRITISH TROOPS ARE REPULSED

(By Associated Press)

Berlin, August 16—British troops last night attacked a village near Loos on the Lens front but were repulsed.

PRINTERS' PENSION PLAN AMENDED

Colorado Springs, Colorado, August 16—The convention of the International Typographical Union yesterday adopted a pension plan under which printers reaching the age of 60, with 20 years of continuous membership in good standing, shall receive $5 a week if they cannot be received at the Union Printers' home. Formerly continuous membership was not required.

TO MOBILIZE AT MINEOLA

First Composite National Guard Division Slated for Early Start Abroad.

Washington, Aug. 16.—The composite national guard division to be known as the 42d, to be formed immediately out of troops from 26 states and the District of Columbia, will be mobilized at Mineola, L. I. The name of the camp where this division will be temporarily stationed will be Camp Mills, named after the late Maj. Gen. Albert L. Mills, who was Maj. Gen. William A. Mann's predecessor in office as chief of the division of militia affairs.

Gen. Mann is to command the new division. He will, within a week, relinquish his duties as chief of the division of militia affairs. Beyond stating that this division will be sent immediately to France and will be the first national guard contingent sent to the front, particulars regarding the plans for the use of this force cannot be stated for military reasons.

With the promulgation of orders for the formation of this new composite division and the prompt action of the President in naming the new major-generals and brigadier-generals who are to command divisions and brigades in the armies now being formed, the detailed plans of the army for getting the army ready for France took a spurt yesterday. General orders were issued assigning the rest of the national guard and the projected national draft army forces to camp and cantonments, and indicating the divisions into which they are to be formed. There will be 16 national army divisions, composed of men now being drafted, the first third of which are to be mobilized on Sept. 5, and 17 national guard divisions, including the 42d.

General orders No. 101, providing for the reorganization of the regular army of the United States into divisions of 19,000 men, numerically stronger in artillery in ratio to infantry and materially strengthened in machine gun units, was promulgated late yesterday afternoon by Brig. Gen. Henry P. McCain, the adjutant general of the army. This general order provides likewise for the concentration of the national guard in training camps as provided for in general orders No. 95, which were also promulgated yesterday. General orders No. 101, also provides in detail for the formation of the 16 divisions of the national army.

Orders are in preparation and will soon be issued providing for the assignment of major-generals and brigadiers nominated for promotion by President Wilson yesterday to command of divisions and brigades of the regular army, the national army and national guard army. These general officers all hold commissions in the national army, as provided for by the national draft army law, and they are war commissions only. But, under the law, they may be assigned to the command of any of the divisions or brigades, whether regular, guard or drafted. A tentative list of the assignments is before Secretary Baker for approval.

THE WEATHER

Forecast for Portsmouth and Vicinity—Tonight and Friday occasional showers and thunderstorms; gentle southeast to south winds.

Sun Rises	4.52
Sun Sets	6.15
Length of Day	13.53
High Tide	10.26 am; 10.38 pm
Moon Rises	3.46 am
Light Automobile Lamps at	7.15 pm

REPORTS HERE FOR DUTY.

Charles London of New York reported here on Wednesday as electrician in the coast guard service as assistant to Howard B. Thomas in the first district with headquarters at Portsmouth.

DR. GOODALL'S SPECIAL "AD"

FOR SALE at his office over Grace's Drug Store, four fine old oil paintings, one by an eminent Dutch painter; one by Goodell, English artist of note; several fine engravings and lithographs, also one fine Madonna by Raphael, one Beatrice Di Cerce. All at fair prices.

Also a few rare old stick pins, rings and charms.

Dr. E. B. Goodall,

16 MARKET SQ.

$5.00

Buys a Special Automobile Accident Policy.

Renewal rate $5.00 annually.

FRED GARDNER.

Globe Building.

PORTSMOUTH FISH CO.
TELEPHONE 760

Cod,
Haddock, Halibut,
Fresh Mackerel,
Oysters, Clams,
Salt Mackerel,
Salt Herring,
Smoked Herring,
Slack Salted Pollock and
Codfish.

AUTO DELIVERY.

NEW GUESTS AT THE WENTWORTH

Arrivals at The Wentworth on Wednesday included: Hon. W. L. Douglas, Brockton; Mrs. Henry K. McHarg, New York; Mr and Mrs Lyman H. Bass, Buffalo; Mr and Mrs H. C. Tewksbury, Clifton; Mr and Mrs Augustus P. Richardson, Chicago; Mr and Mrs W. J. Judge, New York; Mr and Mrs Henry T. Dittenhoefer, New York; Mrs J. Goodman, Miss Isabelle Henne, Brooklyn; Mr and Mrs H. M. Knowles, 2d, and Miss Knowles, Fairhaven; Mr and Mrs F. Gerard Smith and family, Elizabeth, N. J.; Mr and Mrs E. D. Ver Planck, Mr and Mrs Walter J. Bigelow, Brookline; Mr and Mrs. W. E. Frick, Miss Sara Rose, Pittsburg, Miss L. Ward, F. F. and W. W. Fink, Sewickley, Pa.; Edmund Clark, Cleveland; Mr and Mrs W. D. Earle, Boston.

BASE BALL

American League
Boston 4, Philadelphia 2.
Chicago 5, Cleveland 4.

National League
Boston 3, Philadelphia 1.
New York 2-7, Brooklyn 3-1.
Pittsburg 3, Cincinnati 2.

LOCAL DRUGGISTS MAKE MANY FRIENDS

C. E. Brewster & Co., of Dover, N. H., report that they are making many friends through the quick benefit which people receive from the use of Abbey's Effervescent Salts. This remedy became famous by proving itself the most thorough bowel cleanser known, acting on both the lower and upper bowel. Just one dose of Abbey's Salts relieves constipation and gas in the stomach almost immediately.

Abbey's, by the way, is packed in the new size bottle, but at the same old price.

We suggest that you call at your druggist's and get a bottle of these salts.

MOTORED FROM ST. LOUIS TO VISIT SON.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward H. Wolff of St. Louis, Mo., who have been here since last Saturday visiting their son, Carlyle R. Wolff, of the U. S. S. Southery, medical department, and his chum, Alfred Carter also stationed on the training ship, leave this morning for Bradley Beach, N. J., by motor. Mr. and Mrs. Wolff motored from their home in St. Louis to Portsmouth in five days, making an average of 280 miles a day.

Read the Want Ads

SMOKE
S. G. LONDRES
10c CIGAR
Has No Equal.
S. GRYZMISH, Manufacturer
Boston, Mass.

All New Musical
Comedy Today
Colonial Theatre

KITTERY AND ELIOT MEN ON THE EXEMPTION LIST

Nine From First Named Town and Four From the Second.

The following exemptions of men in the second district of York county have been allowed by the war board:

Nine from Kittery and four from Eliot escape the draft.

Jasper Louis Goodwin, Springvale.
Lester W. Havener, Kittery.
Harry Russell Hayes, North Berwick.
Everett Lemuel Towne, Kennebunk.
Claude Harrison Kendall, Kennebunk.
Moses Arthur Fall, Berwick.
Wolpelit P. Eldridge, Hobbs Island, Portsmouth.
Edward Arseneau, Springvale.
Benjamin Franklin Emmons, Springvale.
Elmer E. Fuller, Kittery Point.
Lawrence P. Spinney, South Eliot.
Oscar Millard Goodwin, Eliot.
Joseph Glover, Kennebunk.
Henry Asselin, Sanford.
Daniel Burle Horne, Springvale.
Ernest Frank Coombs, Kennebunk.
Wilbur Rogers, South Eliot.
Guyle C. Burnham, Kittery.
Floyd F. Riley, Kittery.
Archie Smith, Kennebunkport.
George Frank Lacross, Lebanon.
Joseph G. H. Guilmette, Sanford.
Arthur Philip Hooke, No. Berwick.
Ralph Eliot Bragg, Sanford.
William Henry Hackney, Kittery Point.
Roy Sylvester Moody, No. Berwick.
William Kane, Berwick.
Malcolm H. Parsons, Kittery.
Almanzor Therrien, 30 Spruce St., Sanford.
Arthur A. Ramsdell, Cape Neddick.
Louis J. Juneau, Sanford.
Winfield L. Miller, Kittery.
A. F. Knight, South Eliot.
August Lessard, Sanford.
Earle C. Kimble, Kittery.
Harry Wesley Plaisted, York Corner.
John F. Arseneault, Sanford.
C. Earle Chick, Kittery Depot.
Thomas Winfield Cole, Springvale.
Thomas McComb, 2d, Sanford.
Odilon Clovis Roussin, Sanford.
Guy P. Joy, South Berwick.
George Franklin Coffin, Berwick.
Nathaniel Lowe Hanson, Sanford.
Henry Joseph Provost, Kennebunk.
Leroy Hobbs Roberts, Springvale.
George Frederick Stromberg, North Berwick.
Perley W. Chadbourne, So. Berwick.
Roy Leon Hilton, Wells Beach.
Harlon Clarence Leilman, Eliot.
Edward John Perrell, Sanford.
Clarence Sumner Spaulding, Alfred.

Those accepted and called into the service so far are:

Christian P. Christianson, 1 Columbus Sq., Boston, Mass.
Speros Efstathea Safos, 6 Mill row, Springvale.
Elmer Berry Kendall, Dyer street, North Berwick.
Daniel Joseph Marshall, Springvale.
Ralph Clarence Whipple, Main street, Kennebunk.
Emile Svenningson, Sanford.
William Benoit, 52 High street, Sanford.
Fred A. Matthews, Berwick street, Berwick.
Merton Frank Butler, Springvale.
Melvin Roscoe Bennett, Sanford.
Albert Edward Spoule, 7 Brown street, Sanford.
Edmund Lalime, Springvale.
Guy D. Kendall, North Berwick.
Mark Irving Duren, North Berwick.
James Nicholas Curcules, 20 Mill street, Springvale.
Clinton Eugene Lord, South Berwick.
Raymond Leslie Goding, Acton.
Aleck Boucher, South Berwick.
Harry Littlefield, Portland street, Sanford.
Theodore Weare, Cape Neddick.
Asa Lowe, Springvale.
Roy Flaker, Wells Beach.
Albert Vezina, 35 Spruce street, Sanford.
Adelbert Layle, 37 Island avenue, Sanford.
John Paquette, 48 Brook street, Sanford.
Robert Earle Langley, Rochester street, Berwick.
George Freeman Fenderson, Wells.
George Albert O'Brien, Kittery Depot.
Herbert Grant Campbell, Union street, Berwick.

APPEAL FOR SHIPMENT OF SUPPLIES

Washington, Aug. 16.—A cabled appeal for the immediate shipment of supplies to France reached the American Red Cross from Major Grayson M. P. Murphy today. Major Murphy, as the head of the Red Cross Commission in France, has been making a survey of conditions in the war zone and the districts which harbor refugees. The cable received today emphasizes the urgent need in Europ for vast amounts of hospital and knitting supplies.

Major Murphy cables:

"Begin shipping at once one and a half million each knitted mufflers, sweaters, socks, and wristlets. These are desperately needed before cold weather. In view of the shortage of fuel and other discomforts they will be of incredible value in both military and civilian work.

"Last winter broke the record for cold and misery among the people here. They inexpressibly dread lest the coming winter find us without supplies to meet the situation. I urge you on behalf of our soldiers and those of our allies who will suffer in the frozen trenches. Thousands of Belgian and French refugees and repatriates are being returned through Switzerland to France."

The Woman's Bureau of the Red Cross, under the direction of Miss Florence M. Marshall, has prepared directions with complete information as to the knitted articles asked for by Major Murphy. The circular which will be available to any woman who applies to the nearest Red Cross chapter, tells exactly how to obtain yarn, detailed knitting instructions, and where to send the garments for immediate shipment to France.

That the work should go forward as rapidly as possible, and with no chance of "falling down," an allotment of the great task is being made by the national authorities to the thirteen division managers of the Red Cross who direct its administration under the new decentralization plan.

The division managers, when they have been informed of their territory's total share, will divide the work among the chapters in their divisions. The allotment system follows the general split of the Liberty Loan and the Draft Army. Each section of the country will have its specified part to do. Every chapter will know the number of woolen sweaters and other articles that must be knitted by the women whose willingness to serve has been registered with them. The work must be done with all possible speed. Finished articles will be shipped from the chapters to the nearest point of trans-oceanic shipment under national directions.

BIG DEMAND FOR LAND IN ENGLAND

(By Associated Press)

London, August 16—The effect of the corn production bill on the value of land throughout the country is most marked and there are more inquiries for farms and small estates than can possibly be satisfied. The speculator and financier are said to be already operating and instances are quoted of agricultural land changing ownership twice a week, each time at a profit.

A prominent auctioneer at Devizes, Wiltshire, said land was selling better now than for 25 years and during the present month his firm has disposed of over $6,000,000 worth at from $75 to $400 an acre.

Many of the inquiries for estates of between five and six thousand acres are for the purpose of settling soldiers and sailors on after the war.

BIG INCREASE IN RUBBER PRODUCTION

(By Associated Press)

Batavia, Netherlands, East Indies, August 16—A big increase in the rubber production of the Netherlands, East Indies is shown by statistics for 1916 just published by the Association of Rubber dealers.

The total crop of the Netherlands East Indies in the current year is estimated at 40,700,000 pounds, an increase of 40 per cent. American capital has recently taken an increased interest in the growth of rubber in the Dutch colony.

THE LITTLE GEM CAFE

The Little Gem Cafe at No. 161 Vaughan street is now open for business. Everything neat and clean, and prices right. Regular dinner from 12 to 2. One meal will convince you that this is the place to eat.

SPAULDING FOOD ADMINISTRATOR

Rochester Man Will Have Control for This State.

Concord, August 15—President Wilson today approved the appointment by Herbert C. Hoover, national food dictator, of Huntly N. Spaulding of Rochester, as food administrator for New Hampshire. Mr. Spaulding is a brother of former Governor Rolland H. Spaulding.

Mr. Spaulding's appointment was made under the provisions of the food control bill which passed congress last week. As food administrator for New Hampshire he will be clothed with broad powers during the period of the war. Virtually, in the state, he will have control over foods, feeds, fuel, fuel oils, natural gas, fertilizer and its ingredients, tools, utensils and equipment required for the actual production of all such products, designated as "necessaries," as Mr. Hoover does in the ntaion. Of course he will act underthe supervision and general direction of the national food administrator, but, generally speaking, he will be inabsolute authority in New Hampshire.

The food control bill authorizes the President to enter into any voluntary arrangements, create or use an agency, to accept services of any person without compensation, to co-operate with any agency or person, to utilize any department of the government and to co-ordinate their activities, which means that Mr. Spaulding in administering his department will have the fullest support in carrying out any plan that the food administration decides upon.

There appears to be a misconception on the part of persons in the state who will be among the first to be brought to book, if they fail to co-operate heartily with the food administrator. It has been made plain by Mr. Hoover in Washington that he intends to employ all of the authority given to him by congress and in New Hampshire, those who know Huntley Spaulding are expressing the opinion that he will be no less uncompromising in the state than Hoover is in the nation. The selection by Hoover of Spaulding was made after a careful study of the men in the state with a view to getting a fearless administrator.

Mr. Spaulding was born October 3, 1869, in Townsend Harbor, Mass. He attended the public schools in Townsend Harbor and later, at Phillips Andover Academy, from which he graduated in 1889.

Soon after graduation he entered manufacturing as a business. A short time later a company was formed, including three brothers, Huntley N., Leon C. and Rolland H., the last, late governor of New Hampshire. These three have maintained their originala organization in all of the expansion that their enterprise has developed since that time.

Seventeen years ago they began the building up of factory interests in the state of New Hampshire, starting a factory at North Rochester. Further factories were built at Milton and at Rochester, and today the major part of the interests of the company are in the Granite State, although they have factories or interests in various points, including London, England, Buffalo, N. Y., and St Louis, Mo. Throughout the seventeen years both Huntley N. Spaulding and ex-Governor Rolland H. Spaulding and Leon C. Spaulding have been deeply identified with the development and welfare of New Hampshire. Their residence is at North Rochester.

PEOPLE HOLD TO OLD CUSTOM IN ALSACE

(By Associated Press)

The Hague, Netherlands, Aug. 15.—Interesting admissions regarding Alsace-Lorraine are made by the German professor Laband, in an article in the Deutsche Revue.

"The higher influential and educated native population," says this professor of political law, "is just as foreign as ever after having lived for forty-five years with the German population. With only one or two insignificant exceptions, there is no intimate intercourse, except in so far as this is rendered necessary by urgent business or professional interests.

"Marriages between members of the higher classes of old Alsatian and Lorraine families and Germans are great exceptions. Save for a few musical and art institutions, the two elements keep entirely apart in respect of their societies and associated life generally. No mutual family or commercial relations are established. While intercourse is outwardly courteous enough, it is marked on the part of Alsace-Lorrainers by ill-concealed dislike. French papers, French novels and periodicals are read in Alsace-Lorraine homes, and German literature is avoided."

In his conclusion, Professor Laband writes:—

"Alsace-Lorraine must remain 'reichsland' (imperial province), with its constitution of May 31, 1911. But sharper action than before must be taken against press extravagances and the abuse of the right of association and of meeting. German must remain the official language, but vexatious interference in private life must be avoided.

"Girls' schools, particularly the private schools, and the sending of girls to foreign boarding-schools, must be subjected to sharper supervision. It is with the girls that a beginning is made in the frenchifying and in the nursing of a glowing hatred against everything German.

"The favoring of the notables must cease, but officials, especially the middle and lower officials, with whom the people come into direct touch, must not hurt people's feelings by arrogant and bureaucratic behavior."

TO HIDE THE POSITIONS OF BATTERIES

(By Associated Press)

French Front, August 16—Smoke producers to hide the positions of batteries are in general use since the spring of this year in the German artillery operating on the Franco-British front. An order issued in connection with their employment was found recently in an artillery emplacement captured by the French. It gave details of the method in which the smoke producers were to be used, as follows:

"These smoke-producers should be placed in position at a distance of at least 250 yards from the battery in the direction from which the wind is blowing and there should be intervals of eight yards between them.

"Emplacements for the smoke-producers should be prepared all around the battery in order that their positions may be changed rapidly in case the direction of the wind should turn.

"Use should be made of the smoke-producers as soon as the enemy begins to fire on the battery with aeroplanes to aid him in regulating the range and direction."

SHOTS STARTLE WALL ST. IN CHASE AFTER SWINDLER.

New York, Aug. 16—Shots fired from a window of a Wall Street bank yesterday afternoon by secret service agents in pursuit of an alleged swindler created a flurry among hundreds of pedestrians. The chase followed a sensational escape in which the man leaped from a second story window to a court-yard. He was intercepted as he ran into the street but fought desperately until he was subdued.

The fugitive gave the name of Marcus Gonzales, but said it was fictitious. It is alleged he tried to cash a bogus draft on a Paris bank for $15,000, and, according to the government authorities, eighteen counterfeit 1,000-franc notes were found in his possession.

Secret service men had been watching for the man since last Thursday when he is alleged to have cashed a fraudulent draft.

INFLUENCE OF A FEATHER.

In a New England town a man came along the street driving a Ford on the front of which there was a printed sign, "National Emergency Food Garden Commission: To Stimulate the Planting of a Million Food Gardens." Two gentlemen noticed the Ford and one of them said to the other: "There's a pretty good illustration of the old saying that birds of a feather flock together." His companion asked him to explain and the reply was: "Both are making a lot of noise."—From National Emergency Food Garden Commission, Washington, D. C.

Read the Want Ads.

BOTTLED IN BOND
James E. Pepper Whiskey
Aged by Time are our excellent whiskies. They represent the acme of distilling, blending and fermenting. Scientific methods are employed in the distilling of whiskies truly worth while. Wines, liquors and beers. Deliveries prompt. Satisfaction guaranteed.

JOSEPH SACCO
252 Market St.

A. MUSTONE
115 PENHALLOW ST.
High Grade Wines and Liquors.
Ale and Lager on Draught.
Shooting Gallery
OPEN DURING DAY.
LEARN TO SHOOT HERE!

YOU CAN SAVE MONEY AND TIME BY LETTING US SAVE YOUR SOLES.
We use the
GOODYEAR welt system
And Good Stock

Everything in Footwear. Shoe Findings
A Full Line of Tennis Goods.

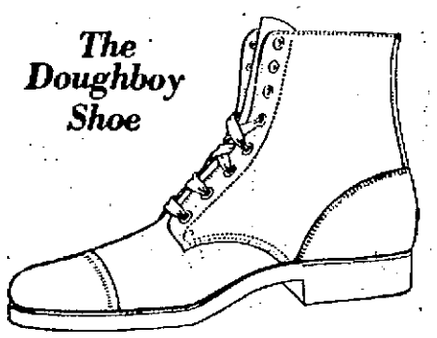
OREN BRAGDON & SON
Portsmouth, N. H.

GREAT
Money Raising Sale
All This Week

We still have a large stock of suits, coats, silk and wash dresses, skirts, waists, sweaters, raincoats and millinery on hand and marked them down to less than cost of materials. You will save money if you buy now.

THE SIEGEL STORE CO.,
57 MARKET ST.
The Store of Quality for the People.

The Doughboy Shoe



Invented by Major H. D. Corbusier, medical Reserve Corps, U. S. Army.

A shoe for the hiker, the soldier, and for all out-doors, hard as nails and comfortable as moccasins. Supports, strengthens, sustains, comforts and protects.
$11.50.

N. H. BEANE & CO.,
5 Congress Street 22 High Street

These Packages Identify Especially Good Whiskey—
BONNIE RYE

Sealed Bottles Full Measure
Every Swallow Makes a Friend

Distilled and Bottled by Bonnie Bros., at Louisville, Kentucky.

Andrew O. Caswell,
Wholesale Distributor.

For Sale by
O. W. PRIEST,
JOSEPH SACCO,
HENRY P. PAYNE
CITY BOTTLING WORKS, 135 Penhallow St.
MATTHEW JACQUES, Vaughan Street.
FOGARTY & SHRIEDER, Ladd Street.

Popular Prices.

CONVERT DEUTSCHLAND INTO WAR SUBMARINE

Copenhagen Dispatches Say the Former Merchant U-Boat Will Operate Against Shipping From San Francisco

Copenhagen, Aug. 15.—The German merchant submarine Deutschland, which made two visits to the United States before that country entered the war, has been converted into a war submarine according to gossip of German Naval Officers received in dispatches here, and she has already joined the fleet of underwater destroyers.

Because of her size and speed she is now one of the best of the war undersea boats of the German navy and has six torpedo tubes and mounts a six-inch gun.

It is learned that the Deutschland had been converted into the war class several weeks ago and was intended for operations in the Pacific against shipping entering and leaving the American port of San Francisco but she was delayed owing to an explosion which occurred on board during her trial trips which necessitated considerable repairs.

Germany now has 300 submarines operating in the waters of the world, most of the new ones being the seagoing type which carry six tubes and mount six-inch guns.

PRESIDENT NAMES GRAIN CONTROL BODY

Washington, Aug. 15.—Creation of a food administration grain corporation with $50,000,000 capital to conduct government wheat purchases and sales was officially announced today.

To carry on the gigantic work the President appointed three committees—the wheat purchasing division, the price fixing board, the United States millers' committee and those who will conduct the buying at the different terminal points in the country.

The great machinery for wheat control is now practically perfected.

The price fixing committee includes H. A. Garfield, Williams College, chairman; Charles J. Barrett, Union City, Ga., president Farmers' Union; Willson N. Deak, Roanoke, Va., vice president Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen; Eugene E. Funk, president National Corn Association, Bloomington, Ill.; Edward F. Ladd, president North Dakota Agricultural College, Fargo, N. D.; R. Goodwin Rhett, president Chamber of Commerce of the United States Charleston, S. C.; J. W. Shorthill, secretary National Council of Farmers' Co-operative Associations, York, Neb.; James W. Sullivan, American Federation of Labor, Brooklyn; L. J. Taber, master Ohio state grange, Barnesville, Ohio; Frank W. Tausig, chairman federal tariff commission, Washington, D. C.; Theodore N. Vail, president American Telephone & Telegraph Company, New York city, and Henry J. Waters, president, Kansas State Agricultural College, Manhattan, Kan.

The wheat purchasing division of the food administration will consist of the following members:

Chairman, Herbert C. Hoover; president, Julius H. Barnes, Duluth, Minn.; treasurer, Gates W. McGarrah, president Mechanics and Metals National Bank, New York City; vice president, F. G. Crowell, Kansas City, transportation director, Edward Chambers, Chicago, vice president Santa Fe railroad; counsel, Judge Curtis H. Lindley, San Francisco; secretary, J. W. Shorthill.

The following men will represent the grain division at the various terminals:

Edward M. Flesh, St. Louis; M. H. Houser, Portland, Ore.; C. B. Fox, New Orleans; H. B. Irwin, Philadelphia; P. H. Ginder, Duluth, Minn.; Frank L. Carey, Minneapolis; George S. Jackson, Baltimore; Howard B. Jackson, Chicago; Charles Kennedy, Buffalo; R. A. Lewin, San Francisco; D. F. Piazzel, Kansas City; Charles T. Neal, Omaha.

The United States millers' committee, to co-operate with the food administration in negotiating voluntary regulation of the milling industry, will comprise the following:

Chairman, James F. Bell, Minneapolis; secretary, A. P. Husband, Chicago; Northwest, Albert C. Loring, Minneapolis; Southwest, Andrew J. Hunt, Arkansas City, Kan.; Southeast, E. M. Kelly, Nashville; St. Louis and Illinois, Samuel Plant, St. Louis; Ohio valley, Mark N. Manuel, Toledo; Chicago and Milwaukee, Bernard A. Eckhart, Chicago; Pacific coast, Theodore B. Wilcox, Portland.

EXTENSION IN GOVERNMENT'S FOOD PRODUCTION WORK

Washington, D. C., August 15—The task of maintaining during the an ample supply of food will be attacked a still larger scale by the U. S. Dept. of Agriculture through a score or more of projects under the provisions of the food production bill just enacted by congress.

While most of the projects will be extensions of present activities, some of them will represent new undertakings.

The task will be to find just where the country stands inso far as the adequacy of the present food supply is concerned, to speed up the production of food crops wherever this can be done and to stop as many as possible of the leaks through which hundreds of millions of dollars' worth of edible products are made available for the work in the food production bill. This money is for emergency use in addition to the funds appropriated in the regular agricultutral appropriation bill for usual activities of the department. The bill, also is distinct from the food control bill, a measure having to do chiefly with the regulation of the distribution of food.

One of the most important steps to be taken in the emergency agricultural work will be the extension of the existing forceof county agents—the joint field employes of the department and the state who come into most direct contact with farmers. With the addition of the new county agents an agent will be situated in practically every agricultural county in the U. S. that will co-operate to advise and assist farmers in every possible way of production, conservation and marketing. The number of women county agents in rural counties will be considerably increased and other woman agents will be placed in a number of the larger towns and cities. Theset women will stimulate the production of garden truck, of poultry and other products by women and children and will advise and instruct in regard to the most efficient methods of food utilization and conservation.

Under the food production bill the office of farm management of the department in co-operation with the U. S. Department of Labor, will extend the farm hel pactivities through which farm laborers and farmeres who most need them have been brought together during the present season.

The third of the more important of the emergency projects is to be carried out by the department of agriculture is a quick survey of the food situation. This activity will be for the purpose of ascertaining as accurately as possible the condition of the country's food stores and the normal consumption, in order that such action as may be necessary to insure a sufficient supply may be taken intelligentily. Farm stocks and supplies in retail stores and in the hands of consumers will be estimated, and stocks held by wholesale, jobbing, storing, manufacturing, and other commercial establishments will be enumerated. It is contemplated that the survey will be followed by monthly reports on several of the more important commodities and, if the emergency requires it, by another survey after an interval of perhaps 6 months.

In addition to the activities under the three projects mentioned, special work will be undertaken by many of the bureaus and offices of the department of agriculture in the interest of increased production, and for the conservation, protection and improved handling and marketing of crops and livestock. The Bureaeu of Animal industry will seek to bring about increased production of hogs and poultry, the two live stock products capable of most rapid increase. The agents ofthis bureau also will locate surpluses of hogs in heavy producing areas and farmers in other sections of the country with good facilities for hog-raising in the effort to bring about more economical distribution of hogs. Efforts also will be made indirectly to increase animal production by combatting animal diseases and pests, especially hog cholera, tuberculosis and the cattle tick which causse losses aggregating millions of dollars annually. The bureau also wil lendeavor to stimplate the increased production and utilization of dairy foods, and will carry on a campaign for the more general production of infertile eggs.

The Bureau of Entomology will extend its activities in the field to protect crops and live stock. It will assist in organizing communities for combatting insect pests, both of crops and of live stock

Producers will be given advice by the Bureau of Markets regarding improved methods of packing and handling food products. The bureau also will extend its market news to include grain, hay, and seeds, dairy and poultry products andto cover more fully vegetables and fruits and meats and meat products and willl assist in solving local truck marketing problems. These services will make public facts as to supply, deinand and movement of food products intending tl help in the elimination of the lost motion and economic waste existing in the marketing machinery of the country. The bureau also will help producers and consumers to form direct business relations through the parcel post.

With the extra funds furnished by the bill the bureau of plant industry will greatly increase its war against destructive plant diseases which annually bring about the loss of considerable proportion of the crops of the country. The bureau also will seek to bring about increased conservation of food products by encouraging natural storage and drying of the products best suited to these methods of preservation.

Under the food control bill the department's work for the conservation of farm products, including live stock will be greatly extended. The states relation service will add to its staff many county and city agents who will give instructions and demonstrations to lal parts of the country in canning drying and the preparation of food products in other forms which will protect them against spoilage. The bureaeu of markets will seek to reduce losses due to faulty handling, packing shipping and marketing.

The bureau of plant industry will endeavor to arouse interest in the natural storage durinig the fall and winter months of semi-perichable products.

PROFIT BY THIS.

Don't Waste Another Day.

When you are worried by backache; By lameness and kidney disorders—Don't experiment with an untried medicine.

Follow Portsmouth people's example. Use Doan's Kidney Pills.

Here's Portsmouth testimony.

Verify it if you wish:

Mrs. Olive Wian, 106 Myrtle Ave., Portsmouth, says: "My back and kidneys gave me a great deal of trouble. The pains centered in the small of my back, running into my head and causing dizziness and headaches. My kidneys were too frequent in action and caused annoyance in other ways. I used Doan's Kidney Pills, procured at Philbrick's Pharmacy, and they soon gave me excellent relief and corrected the action of my kidneys. I use Doan's Kidney Pills occasionally, as a preventive."

Price 60c, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mrs. Wian had Foster-Milburn Co., Props., Buffalo, N. Y.

"SAMMIES" REVIEWED BY KING GEORGE

(By Associated Press)

London, Aug. 15.—American troops marched through London today. They were reviewed by Ambassador Page and later by King George at Buckingham palace. Great crowds lined the streets, which were decorated profusely with American and British flags. Enthusiasm was shown everywhere. The Americans were cheered by civilians, by soldiers on their way to the front and by wounded men. The troops were escorted by guard hands.

A meeting of the cabinet was in progress when the Americans approached Whitehall. It was adjourned to permit the premier and his colleagues to pay their compliments to the Americans. The cabinet went in a body to the war office.

As the Americans passed the horse guards parade to Whitehall they were greeted from the windows of the war office by Premier Lloyd George, Foreign Secretary Balfour, Chancellor Bonar Law, War Secretary Derby, Winston Spencer Churchill, minister of munitions, Geo. N. Barnes, member of the war council, Admiral Jellicoe and other high officials, as well as by French and Belgian officers. The evening newspapers say that for a parallel to the scenes witnessed today in the neighborhood of Trafalgar Square it probably would be necessary to recall the time of the South African war and the return home of the troops.

AMERICAN FORCE IS REVIEWED ON BATTLE FRONT

(By Associated Press)

American Training Camp Behind French Battle Line—By Associated Press, August 15.—The full contingent of the American Expeditionary army was officially reviewed today by Major General William L. Sibert, U. S. A., the commander of the force. This is the first time that the American troops have been seen assembled all at one time.

It was a splendid exhibition of military strength and General Sibert expressed the greatest pleasure at the general appearance of fitness and preparedness to enter into the work which it must soon take up.

French army officers who witnessed the review with the American Commander expressed the highest praise for the troops.

HIGHER WAGES IN SHIP YARDS SEEMS CERTAIN

(By Associated rPess)

Washington, Aug. 15.—The prospect that the government will be obliged to pay higher wages than the government scale to workers and laborers in the American ship yards was discussed today by the Pacific Coast Builders corporation and government officials. It was pointed out by the builders that as the government had taken over the ships building and the control of the yards the government must assume the charges and conditions which existed in the yards before the commandeering. While the government officials made no announcement it seems certain that they will approve the payment of wage schedules existing in the several yards now in government control.

WELFARE WORK FOR CHILDREN IN DUBLIN

Dublin, Ireland, Aug. 15.—Welfare work for the children in Dublin, so energetically carried on by the Marchioness of Aberdeen and Temair when Lord Aberdeen was Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, has just been brought to the notice of Dublin citizens through a series of well organized meetings and conferences at the Mansion House, and by a folk-dancing fete and "pram parade" in Lord Iveagh's grounds. The meetings were organized by the Women's National Health Association and the welfare of children in the home, school and playground was discussed. Much advice was showered upon the mothers, somewhat bewildering perhaps, as the pitfalls were described as so many that it seemed almost necessary to avoiding one to step into another. But the rows of smiling children showed that a deal of loving care was freely given.

The Lord Mayor in opening the proceedings hoped that the State and the public would grapple with the unemployment question, low rate of wages and bad housing which he believed prevailed in the city to the detriment of the children's welfare.

Sir T. W. Russell announced that the Department of Agriculture, of which he is vice-president, intended to do its share for the children, by placing the milk of the herd of fine cows at the Royal Albert Farm at Glasnevin withi nreach of the families of working men, at a price which the people could afford, provided a committee of ladies would take charge of its proper distribution. His announcement was heartily welcomed and applauded.

Addresses on the housing problem were given by the architects, Mr. Job Cook and Mr. Kaye-Parry. The city was also described by Dr. Oliver Gogarty in scathing terms. The present condition in the crowded parts, which affected one-third of its inhabitants, had been condemned, and, for his part, he would place the responsibility for it on the corporation, and less directly on the Government. One helped the other to maintain a deplorable state of things. He stated that many of the corporations own, or are interested in, tenement or second class houses, and the corporation controls the public health department. Good regulations have not been enforced. Slum dwellers are persuaded by politicians to elect slum owners to the City Council. Theschools are overcrowded, there is no chance of teaching cleanliness in them, and many of them have no playgrounds.

Later on Dr. Lorcan Sherlock, L.L.D., said that a register of tenement owners is being prepared for circulation among members of the corporation and the public. He advocated municipal dairies. Mr. Andrew Beattie, D. L., and other city councillors also spoke. Interesting addresses were given by Miss Cunningham, Trinity Hall; Miss Buchanan, P. L. G.; Mrs. Rushton, members of the Trades Council and others.

Lessons on cheap cookery and exhibitions of household appliances were given.

In closing the conference the Lord Mayor stated that although he supposed no city in the world could boast of finer and better cared-for children than those seen at the Mansion House that week, there remained in the background many mothers and children who could not face the public gaze, and it was the object of the promoters of the conference to gather in these mothers and children also. He hoped that the civic authorities and the State would act so that next year these would take their places with them.

PLACE TAX ON CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS

(By Associated Press)

Mexico City, August 16—A tax of 5 mills on the dollar has been placed on the capital of all private charitable institutions in Mexico, effective next September.

Feel languid, weak, run down? Headach? Stomach "off?" A good remedy is Burdock Blood Bitters. Ask your druggist. Price, $1.25.

The Portsmouth Herald publishes the news, both foreign and local when it is news.

DR. GARDY

To Make a Professional Visit to

PORTSMOUTH

The patients of DR. GRADY, will be glad to know that he has arranged a professional visit

TO PORTSMOUTH

He will be at the

Kearsarge House

Monday, Aug. 20

There is no physician in the United States better known than Dr. Grady.

His cures are so numerous and often of such a wonderful nature that many writers have claimed that his cures were MIRACLES.

This visit to Portsmouth by Dr. Grady will afford an excellent opportunity to many to consult this eminent specialist close to their homes.

Consultation and Examination FREE

Kearsarge House

Office Hours, 1 to 8 P. M.

BATTERY GETS ITS ORDERS TO LEAVE CAMP

(By Associated Press)

Concord, Aug. 15.—Battery A, Field artillery, now in camp at this city, received orders this afternoon to make an immediate start for Boxford, Mass The orders came from the war department and it is thought that in 24 hours the departure will be made. It is at the Boxford camp that the Massachusetts artillery is established. Battery A is in command of Capt. Edwin L. Fowle, and is composed, for the large part of Manchester boys.

RUSSIA INTENDS TO ALLOW PARTY TO CONFERENCES

(By Associated Press)

Petrograd, Aug. 15.—The Provisional government of Russia has no intention of forbidding representatives of the Socialist Party to attend the Socialists' Congress and conferences to be held at Stockholm as was suggested in foreign newspapers, it was announced tonight. Passports will likely be issued to members of the official party as delegates to the congress.

A lazy liver leads to chronic dyspepsia and constipation,—weakens the whole system. Doan's Regulets (30c per box) act mildly on the liver and bowels. At all drug stores.

Dr. Goodall

Is Now at the "Zenith" of His Good Name and Record both in

DENTISTRY AND MUSIC

He is now able to teach four hours each day Vocal Music; viz., how to breathe correctly as all the great operatic singers do, "diaphragmatically deep breathing, then secondly how to sing naturally and correctly by proper teaching where and how to place the voice.

All Plates to Be Repaired

left with Dr. Goodall any evening between 7 and 10 o'clock will be finished and ready for use early the next morning, say 8 or 8.30.

Dr. Goodall Is a Specialist in Bridge Work and Gold Crowns

and he will guarantee all work as strictly first class in every particular and at reasonable prices.

Bad teeth filled and treated successfully in one week or less.

Extracting teeth as usual.

All work is strictly cash on delivery and guaranteed as first class always.

Dr. Goodall will give to his patients in Dentistry 3 hours in the forenoon, 9 to 12 a. m.; 1 to 4.30 p. m.

Quick Repairs on All Artificial Dentistry, Cracked Plates or Broken Teeth.

Dr. Goodall can be engaged to sing solos in Church or any Beach Hotel.

TRUCK

For a Little Money

Convert Your Ford Car Into a One Ton Truck

By Using a

Tonford Unit—the Cheapest and Most Durable Truck on the Market.

This truck is suitable for expressmen, coal dealers, wholesale grocers, etc.

Call at my shop for demonstration. Truck body building a specialty. Ford bodies built to order.

FREDERICK WATKINS,

111 Hanover St., Portsmouth

BAY STATE LINE VIA RAIL & BOAT NEW YORK $2.60

VIA TROLLEY AND BOAT, $2.60 Staterooms, $1.00, $1.50 and $2.00. Steel Steamships GEORGIA and TENNESSEE Daily including Sunday, between Providence and Pier 19, East River, N. Y. Improved Service—Tel. Main 1742. City Ticket Office, 338 Washington St., Boston

"THE WISE"

The wise owl tells us we must practice economy in every way to help our country in the present crisis. The wise woman will do so by sending her washing to us, thereby saving time, labor and expense. A trial will convince you that this statement is true.

NEW METHOD LAUNDRY

Tel. 373. Commercial Wharf

Water Street.

That over-worrying, seemingly unavoidable question of washing the family's linen is eliminated with our Wet Wash Service. Our service means no more "wash lady" problems. Try our separate wash, sterilized, modern, gentle, thorough service—and the wash tub will never again be used in your home.

Home Washing Co.,

315 Maplewood Ave. Tel. 746

L. M. GROVER, Prop.

REPAIRING In All Its Branches

With the prevailing high prices in shoes it pays to have your old ones repaired. Our work is that reliable kind that pleases the most particular people. Dependable work at lowest prices.

FULIS BROS.,

157 Congress St.

PERFEX WATERPROOF IGNITION for MOTOR BOATS

W. S. JACKSON,

111 Market St.

7-20-4

R. G. BULLIVAN, Mfg.

Factory output two hundred thousand daily. Largest selling brand of 10c Cigars in the world.

FACTORY,

MANCHESTER, N. H.

Ford

THE UNIVERSAL CAR

IMPORTANT FORD NOTICE

On and after Aug. 1, the Hampton Center Garage will be the Ford Representative for the following towns: Portsmouth, Kittery, Eliot, Newington, Greenland, New Castle, Rye, North Hampton, Hampton, Hampton Falls, Seabrook.

Pending the building of a modern salesroom and service station in Portsmouth the trade of this vicinity will be taken care of at the building in the rear of Dr. Pickering's residence on Pleasant street, Portsmouth. The Hampton Center Garage will continue to give service to Ford owners of that locality. The location of the new service station in Portsmouth will be announced later.

HAMPTON CENTER GARAGE,

F. E. Brooks, Proprietor.

$ $ $ & ENE

It means real dollars and cents to you to follow your own good sense and have us weld that broken auto part; casting or other broken metal part into a strong, durable whole. Our oxygen-acetylene welding is a real money saver to you—it will save worry, time, high cost of new parts and inconvenience. No matter what kind of a metal part you have broken see us before you buy a new one. Expert work—moderate charges.

. A. TRAFTON,
200 Market St., Portsmouth
HORSESHOEING AND JOBBING.

If you place an order for a Granite Monument with us we do not order it of a manufacturer, but we manufacture it right here at our plant, which is equipped with the most modern machinery operated by electric power, and is the only plant so equipped in this section. We carry the largest stock of finished monuments and tablets of any city east of Boston.

Call and see the variety of designs we carry.

Fred C. SMALLEY,
CORNER STATE & WATER STS.
Also Dover, N. H., Opp. City Hall.

STANTON'S GARAGE
44 Hanover St.
If your Car needs repairs let me estimate the expense of overhaul.
Quick Service and Reasonable Charges
Personal Supervision of All Work.
A First-Class Service Station.
44 Hanover St.
FRANK M. STANTON, Proprietor.
Tel. [illegible]

Do You Throw Your Money Away?
If you do not, save it by bringing your old clothes to us to be renewed and repaired. We can many times give you an extra year's wear out of a suit you consider hopeless. Our cleaning department is as near perfection as scientific knowledge and modern equipment can make it. In our dyeing department we make a specialty of turning out work at two days' notice.
SUSSMAN'S DYE HOUSE
129 Penhallow St. Tel. 103

Chas. W. Greene
FIRST CLASS SHOE REPAIRING
Shoes Made to Order, Guaranteed
A Full Line of Shoe Findings, Laces, Arches, Polishes, Buttons, Etc.
[illegible] State St.,
PORTSMOUTH, N. H.
Opp. P. O.

Decorations
FURNISHED FOR ALL OCCASIONS
FOR WEDDINGS AND FUNERALS
R CAPSTICK
[illegible] STREET.

NAME SAILORS BELIEVED HELD AS PRISONERS

(By Associated Press)

Washington, Aug. 15.—The personnel of the naval gun crew believed to have been taken prisoners by the German submarine which destroyed the American tank steamer Campania was announced today by the navy department.

Names of the men, their ratings, next of kin and home addresses follow:

James Delaney, chief gunner's mate, commander of the armed guard; wife, Elinor Delaney, 42 Cleveland street, Malden, Mass.

William Albert Millor, seaman, second class; mother, Elizabeth Grebeck, Chicago, Ill.

Fred Stephen Jacob, seaman, second class; father, August Jacob, Pittsburgh, Penn.

Ray Hooch, boatswain's mate, second class; mother, Elizabeth Garn, Boyne City, Mich.

Charles Lovan Kline, gunner's mate, third class; father, Henry C. Kline, Reading, Penn.

Captain Oliver, master of the Campania, also a prisoner on the U-boat.

The other members of the armed guard who were landed safely at a French por tare:

Henry Montgomery Lusk, seaman; mother, Florence E. Lusk, Ennis, Tex.

George Franklin Wilcox, seaman; father, Charles Wilcox, Cleveland, O.

Karl Melvin Smith, seaman, St. Louis.

Wray Ernest Metsker, seaman; father, James W. Metsker, Williamsport, Ind.

George Allan McCausland, seaman; father William A. McCausland, Philadelphia.

Barney Vincent Arti, seaman; mother, Mrs. Jennie Arti, Cleveland, O.

Cornelius Reilly, seaman; mother, Annie T. Reilly, Brooklyn.

Roy August Voigt, coxswain; mother Annie Voigt, New York.

MAINE CENTRAL SHOPS STRIKE AT AN END

Waterville, Me., Aug. 15.—At a meeting of the striking Maine Central Railway mechanics held this evening the action of the committee last night was reaffirmed and the strike which involved about 200 at the Waterville repair shops is ended. The men will return to work tomorrow morning. By agreement between the strikers and the road about forty men who were on strike and have since then obtained employment elsewhere will be allowed to return, first having time to complete any contracts they may have made with their new employers. The strike has been in progress for fourteen weeks.

Somebody Has to Raise or Pack Everything You Eat
DO YOUR SHARE
CAN OR PRESERVE SURPLUS PERISHABLES.
The Conservation of Food is a Vital Necessity under war conditions.
Make Every Jar Help Feed Your Family
For the benefit of the housewives we have been able to secure a series of folders on canning and preserving which can be had by calling at our office.
PORTSMOUTH GAS CO.,
Always at Your Service

A. Thurston Parker
SUCCESSOR TO
OLIVER W. HAM
122 Market St.
Funeral Director and Licensed Embalmer.
Phone at Office and Residence.
Lady Assistant provided when required.

Telephone 598 for
FINEST COLLAR WORK in New England.
We have the "Last Word" in collar machinery and Guarantee to "Make Good."
CENTRAL STEAM LAUNDRY
Pleasant Street.

LOST Dress Suit Case

Last November, a petty officer in the Navy left a dress suit case in a store on Daniel street, or in the vicinity of Market Square. Will the party recalling the incident and having the suit case call The Herald?

J. VERNE WOOD
Successor to
H. W. NICKERSON.
Funeral Director and Embalmer.
OFFICE AND ROOMS
13 Daniel St.
Telephone at Office and Residence. Call Any Day or Night.
Lady Assistant when requested

GERMANS NOW EATING SHAVINGS

Zurich, Switzerland, Aug. 15.—Five members of the minority Socialist party of the German Reichstag are reported to have given notice that they will ask the chancellor is he aware the bread now being supplied to the German people is composed as follows: Twenty-four per cent flour, 21 per cent lupine, 17 per cent chestnuts, 14 per cent acorns, 12 per cent bark of trees, 6 per cent wood shavings, 4 per cent potato peel, 2 per cent of a miscellaneous indefinable mixture.

CHINA SEIZES THREE AUSTRIAN MERCHANTMEN

Shanghai, China, Aug. 15.—Three Austrian merchantmen interned in the harbor have been taken over by Chinese naval forces. The ships were undamaged and no resistance was offered. The German and Austrian ships now taken over have an aggregate tonnage of 18,000.

WHAT THE FOOD PRODUCTION BILL PROVIDES

Eleven million three hundred and forty-six thousand four hundred dollars to be used in stimulating production, for prosecuting and conserving foods and for a survey of the country's food resources.

Staff of county agents to be increased until at least one agent will be stationed in practically every agricultural county in the United States that ill co-ouperate
that will co-operate with the county and the state agricultural college.

Women county agents for demonstration work in home economics to be increased in rural counties and similar agents to be placed in towns and cities for the first time.

Farm help service to be extended in co-operation with United States Department of Labor to assist in bringing farmers and farm laborers together.

Country-wide survey to be made of food on farms in storage, in shops and in homes. Estimates of family consumption of food to be made.

Extension of crop estimates to crops not hitherto reported and to include special inquiries to gather information on extraordinary farm conditions.

Hog and poultry production to be stimulated as far as practicable.

Increased production and conservation of dairy foods to be encouraged.

Animal diseases to be combated on larger scale.

Increased efforts to be made to combat insect pests of plants and animals.

Further steeps to be taken to destroy animal pests whicih injure crops and kill livestock.

Work for the control of plant diseases to be extended.

Survey of seed supplies and the needs to be made and results published so that farmers will be assisted in obtaining a sufficient supply of good seed. Seed to be purchased and sol dto farmers by the department if necessary in restricted areas.

Demonstrations to be carried out in the proper handling, packing, shipping and marketing of perishable fruitsand vegetables to decrease spoilage.

News service for various farm products to be extended so that producers and consumers can be better informed as to the supply and demand and can sell and buy with less expense, less spoilage and less motion.

Cheapest accident insurance—Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil. For burns, scalds, cuts and emergencies. All druggists sell it. 30c and 60c.

DEATH RATE OF HORSES IS HIGH

London, Aug. 15.—(Correspondence of The Associated Press).—"I have lately come into possession of authentic information on the waste of horseflesh," writes the editor of Truth, "and it is calculated to excite the greatest horror and indignation."

Leaving out Mesotopamia and Africa outside Egypt, he writes that more than 250,000 horses have died during the war up to about the end of May and in addition 30,000 have been sold owing to old age and disease. He continues:

"The most significant fact of all is that 32,000 animals have died in America while awaiting shipment while 6,000 have died at sea in the course of transit. Here we have 39,000 animals purchased for military purposes, not one of which has been available for that purpose owing to their previous disease. In this is presumably to be found the explanation of the greater part of the scandal—namely, the culpable negligence, or worse, with which the animals have been bought.

"I am told that some which have survived the Atlantic voyage were found to be over thirty years old. Some are even said to have died upon the gangway at the port of shipment under the exertion of walking aboard. It may almost be taken for granted that the rate of mortality on this side of the Atlantic has been aggravated by neglect, ignorant horsemanship and to some extent downright ill-treatment. On all these points men who have served at the front can give evidence. I have myself heard many lurid statements on the subject. But the figures show that the root of the whole scandal lies across the Atlantic where the wretched beasts are bought."

Upward of 1,000,000 horses and mules the writer says, have been purchased by the British government during the war, so that more than 25 per cent of the animals purchased have died. With regard to deaths of horses or mules, due to "enemy action," he says that in one week, out of more than 6,000 deaths in France, only 118 were due to gunshot wounds—a trifling percentage. About 42,000 of the animals have died in England.

QUEEN MARY THANKS WIFE OF AMERICAN

(By Associated Press)

Stockholm, Aug. 15.—Mrs. Ira Nelson Morris, wife of the American Minister, here, has received a grateful autograph letter from Queen Mary of Roumania, thanking her for a quantity of bandages sent by Mrs. Morris. Queen Mary, who writes from Jassy, gives a list of things particularly needed for the army. It includes linen of all sorts, nightshirts, bedclothing, thick dressing-gowns, slippers, towels, handkerchiefs, soap, stockings, and boots. She concludes:

"Oh! There are so many things we need. I am quite afraid when I begin to count them. We have suffered much, struggled much, but we have had courage and now many hands are stretched out to help and to make hope live in our hearts again!"

ASKS DANIELS FOR BATTLESHIP AT THIS YARD

Washington, Aug. 15.—F. W. Hartford, of Portsmouth, N. H., a member of the New Hampshire Committee on Public Safety, today urged upon Secretary Daniels the advisability of constructing a battleship at the Portsmouth Navy Yard. He recommended on behalf of the committee increasing the capacity of the Portsmouth yard

MYSTERY SURROUNDS MURDER CASE

Stockholm, Aug. 15.—An unusually mysterious murder is engrossing the attention of the Stockholm criminal police. There are apparently no clues to work on and there is no clear idea of what the motive was.

The victim was Lieutenant-Colonel Hjalmar Smitts, one of Sweden's most prominent fortification officers. Smitts' family was in the country, and only he and a young servant girl occupied the apartments. At 2 o'clock on the morning of the murder the house porter and his wife were awakened by a tremendous racket. They arose and tried to find whence it proceeded, but it ceased, and, after a vain search, they returned to bed.

In the morning Smitts' servant girl came to them and told how she had been aroused by sounds of a terrific struggle in the apartments, culminating in a number of shots. She had been too frightened to leave her room, and when morning came had left by the back stairway, not daring to enter the rooms in front.

The porter went to the apartments and found Smitts lying dead on the floor of the dining room, with three bullets in his body. All the rooms gave evidence of a struggle.

The police investigations disclosed that at least five shots had been fired from an army revolver, Smitts had tried to telephone, and had apparently received the last bullet—a shot through the head—while at the telephone. A young officer, a lieutenant of the fortification department, was for a time suspected of the murder, but succeeded in clearing himself. He and his friends have now offered a reward of 10,000 crowns for the apprehension of the murderer.

Three theories of the crime are being debated. One is that it was the work of a burglar, who fled without his booty. The second supposes a quarrel between the lieutenant-colonel and some acquaintance, terminating in murder in the passion of dissension. A third theory, held by many people, is that the murder was the result of an effort to secure possession of fortification plans of which Smitt had custody.

ONLY FOURTEEN BIG SHIPS ARE DESTROYED

London, Aug. 15.—A falling off in the loss to British shipping by enemy mines or submarines is indicated in the weekly report of the British Admiralty as announced tonight for the past week. Fourteen British merchantmen of 1600 tons or over were destroyed as against twenty-one reported destroyed in the previous week, and two vessels of less than 1600 tons, the same as in the previous week, while three fishing vessels were victims of the undersea menace.

The admiralty report says:

British merchant ships of 1600 tons or more destroyed by enemy submarines or mines in the past week are fourteen as against twenty-one of the previous week.

British merchant vessels of less than 1600 tons destroyed are two, the same as reported in the previous week.

British fishing vessels destroyed, three.

British merchant vessels unsuccessfully attacked by submarines, thirteen.

Total number of arrivals of British and Allied ships, 2776.

Total number of sailings from British ports during the week, 2606.

PROHIBIT OIL WELLS.

Mexico City, Aug. 15.—The department of commerce and industry has prohibited the boring of oil wells on properties consisting of less than about nine acres.

Granite State Fire Insurance Company
Of Portsmouth, N. H.
Paid up Capital $200,000
OFFICERS:
Calvin Page, President
Joseph O. Hobbs, Vice President
Alfred F. Howard, Secretary
John W. Emery, Asst. Sec.

CHICHESTER'S PILLS
THE DIAMOND BRAND.

SOLD BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS
You Get RESULTS From Them
Just Phone 37 | 3 Lines 1 Week 40c
TRY ONE TODAY, AND YOU WILL BE CONVINCED.

WANTED

WANTED—Young man to work in lunch room at Beach; must be over 18, neat and quick; salary $15 a week and time off. Apply in person at Maker Lunch, Hampton Beach. hc a13, 1w

WANTED—By a refined young married woman, care of child or plain sewing for a few hours daily. Address X this office. hc a16, 1w

WANTED—Drivers for American Express Co. Apply American Express Co., B. & M. Station, City. hc a14, 1w

TENEMENT WANTED — Small house preferred, by American family of 3, anytime before Sept. 15, 1917. N. A. S., this office. hc au15, 1w

WANTED

Men between the ages of 20 and 35 are wanted for service on the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad as firemen, freight brakemen, yard brakemen and passenger brakemen. Apply by letter to F. S. Hobbs, Room 454, South Station, Boston, stating age and previous experience.

WANTED—All-around Ford auto repair man; must know his business. Apply by letter or in person to F. E. Brooks, Ford Agent, Portsmouth. hc au13, 1w

WANTED—An experienced waitress at Sinclair Inn. hc au13, 1w

WANTED—In Exeter, a live boy or girl to gather news for the Portsmouth Herald. Address The Herald, Portsmouth, N. H. ch tf m35

WANTED—In Newmarket, a live girl or boy to gather news for the Portsmouth Herald. Address The Herald, Portsmouth, N. H. ch tf m26

WANTED—In York, a live girl or boy to gather news for the Portsmouth Herald. Address The Herald, Portsmouth, N. H. M 19, h tf.

GIRL WANTED.—One familiar with typewriting and some ability to canvass. Address Business, Herald-Chronicle Office.

FOR RENT—The third floor over Chas. W. Green's store, next to A. G. Brewster's Bldg., also the basement. The upper floor would make an excellent photograph gallery or tin shop. Inquire at this office. ho m27, tf

FURNITURE MOVING—Both local and long distance, with heavy auto truck and handlers of long experience. Prices moderate. The Portsmouth Furniture Co., cor. Deer and Vaughan streets, near B. & M. depot. hc a24, tf

BEFORE HAVING YOUR COLT BROKEN call on I. W. HOYT, Horse Trainer. Horses broken to harness and saddle. Boarding, baiting and sale stable. Special attention and box stalls for winter boarders. Winter boarders driven or not. Central Sq. Stable, Lock Box 2, So. Berwick, Me. Tel. 49. h au14, 1w

TO LET

TO LET—Nice rooms in private house few steps from postoffice; very convenient; only reliable men wanted. Can accommodate several. Apply at 3 Edwards street. ho a15, 1w

TO LET—Two rooms, one large, one suitable for two persons, gentlemen preferred. Inquire at 33 School street. hc au13, 1w

TO LET—Tenement of six rooms; rent $10.50. Apply at this office. ho tf

TO LET—Sept. 1, three newly furnished rooms in new home; best location in city. Address R, this office. ho au14, tf

TO LET—In Portsmouth, a furnished house, six rooms, bath, furnace, gas, porch. Address Box 172, Kittery Point, Me. hc au11, 1w

TO LET—A furnished room on Lincoln avenue for male occupancy. Inquire Chronicle-Herald Office.

TO LET—Tenement of 4 rooms at Haven Court. Apply at this office. ho au9, tf

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Set of grocery fixtures. Apply 341 Islington St. after 6 p. m. ch 1w a16.

FOR SALE—Young horse, 6 years old. Apply to Steve Pasalis, Delos' Fruit Store, Portsmouth N. H. hc1wa15

FOR SALE—A fine motorboat, 30 ft. 5 in. in length, 7 ft. 5 in. wide, fully equipped including toilet. Will sell reasonably. Address T. L., Elks Home, or this office. ho au9, 1w

FOR SALE—House of three rooms, small farm, barn, hen house and hen yard wired in for three hundred hens; acre and a half land with apple, pear, plum, peach, quince trees and grape vines. All planting has been done. Five minutes walk from schoolhouse. Apply to C. H. Miller, Durgin's Lane, off Woodbury avenue, Portsmouth, N. H. ho J 9, tf.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Model 1917, 8-cylinder Peerless roadster. Cost $2450 last Nov. Will sell at a great reduction. Reason for selling, leaving for war. Address "Peerless," Herald Office. ho 1w A11.

FOR SALE—Some very good show cases and wall fixtures. Apply at this office.

TYPEWRITERS of all makes for sale and to rent. The Typewriter Store, Dover, N. H. he a 17, tf

LOST

LOST—Wednesday, Aug. 8, between Foye's and Maplewood Farm, small black pocketbook containing $7. Reward if returned to this office. hca16,3t

LOST—A pair of eye glasses in a case marked B. Reward if returned to this office. ch 3t a16.

LOST—Tuesday, August 14th, on road between York Harbor and Portsmouth, two wire automobile wheels mounted with Marathon Tires. Liberal reward if returned to Miles White Jr., Marshall House, York Harbor. ch 3t a15.

FOUND

FOUND—Wednesday evening on Islington street, near Goodwin Park, ladies hand bag. Owner can have same by calling at 358 Islington street. ch 1w a11

York Beach
THE CRAWFORD HOUSE CAFE
CLEAN ROOMS, $1.00 DAY UP.
HOME COMFORTS.
Regular Dinners. Shore Dinners.

THE CLOVERLEAF
HOME OF FARWELL'S KISSES
And the Popular
Cloverleaf Corn Cakes.
Farwell's
York Beach, Me.

THE ATLANTIC—Rooms day or week, $1.00 up. Special by week $[illegible] [illegible] two hundred more came today.

OFFICIAL TIME TABLE
Portsmouth, Dover and York Street Railway.
SUMMER TIME TABLE
In Effect July 2, 1917.
(Subject to change without notice)

PORTSMOUTH

For Eliot and Dover—6.55, 7.55, 8.55, 9.55, 10.55, 11.25 a. m. and every half hour until 6.55 p. m. Then 7.55, 8.55 and *10.55 p. m. Sundays—First trip 7.55 a. m.

*Runs to Rosemary Junction when there are passengers.

For South Berwick—6.55, 7.55 a. m. and every half hour until 9.55 p. m. Sundays—First trip 7.55 a. m.

For Kittery and Kittery Point—6.25, 6.55 a. m. and every half hour until 10.55 p. m. Sundays—First trip 7.55 a. m.

For York Village, York Harbor, York Beach via Kittery and Kittery Point—6.55, 7.55, 8.55, 9.25 a. m. and every half hour until 6.25 p. m. Then 7.25 and 8.25 p. m. Sundays—First trip 7.55 a. m. Then 8.25 a. m.

For York Village, York Harbor, York Beach via Rosemary—6.55, 7.55 a. m. and every hour until 9.55 p. m. Sundays—First trip 7.55 a. m.

TO LET
One nice, bright office, well lighted and heated, Herald and Chronicle building. Inquire at Herald Office.

Will You Give a Book to Cheer Our Soldiers?

"YOU CAN DO YOUR BIT"

by bringing any volumes you can spare from your own collection to The Public Library, to be forwarded to Army Camps, the Front and the Hospitals.

Magazines Not Over Two Years Old Will Be Welcome

WHAT CAN BE DONE WITH ONE PAIR OF HANDS

The gardens about the city show marked improvement from the rains of a week ago. In the old days the word gardens, was associated with enclosed plots of ground more or less hidden from the public eye to be enjoyed almost exclusively by the occupants of the premises. Such relics of old-time customs are yet in eidence in some parts of our city. Modern customs very wisely open up the skill of the gardners to a nature-loving public, showing well kept lawns, ornamented shrubbery and a floral display, alike enjoyable to the owner and an appreciative public. An increased love for a garden plot is thus engendered and home life pleasures are greatly enhanced at very slight cost. Barren and waste places contribute brightness rather than a hint of neglect.

Just now public attention is directed to an increased crop of the vegetable kingdom. The burdens of high prices and economic plans, forced economy, find some relief in the many vegetable gardens about the city, where much of the labor is by amateur hands. Men, women, and children alike get behind the hoe and later on will test the flavor of home grown fruits and vegetables. This experimental garden work promises good harvest and without doubt the outdoor exercise will have contributed to the health of many and insured smaller bills for medicines.

In many cities prizes are offered for the best cultivated or most productive garden plot, cost of the maintenance being considered. If such a plan has not been organized for our city (an incentive to the gardeners, and educational as well) we trust that some movement of this sort will be made. The expense of such a prize offering need not be heavy at all in comparison to the net results in promoting habits of industry.

The gardens in the Alms House field are attracting many visitors daily, but there are others scattered about the city that show intelligent care and plentiful returns. Such a garden is seen at 29 Madison street and is a striking example of what can be done with one pair of hands.

DANIELS IS "THROUGH" WITH NAVY LEAGUE

Washington, August 16—Secretary Daniels declared yesterday that he will have nothing to do with the Navy League as it is presently officered. He added that he expects the resignation of Col. Robert M. Thompson, president of the league to be forthcoming.

Mr. Daniels declared yesterday that the charge made by the Navy League that a vigorous inquiry into the explosion at the Mare Island navy yard on July 9, in which five persons were killed and 31 were injured, has been hampered through powerful labor influence was "vile and vicious."

"If what they said was true," said Mr. Daniels, "I ought to be indicted and impeached. If any officer of the navy blocked the investigation he would be court-martialed. The only statement I should accept would be resignation—a cleaning house. Otherwise I will have to take other steps.

Mr. Daniels said he would not indicate what the other steps might be. He said that after their publication of a statement attacking the navy without first informing the navy department of its character or giving any information whatever concerning the charge that was made, the league ought to call itself an "anti-navy" league.

Mr. Daniels expressed the conviction that the officers of the league alone were responsible for the charge and that the membership of the league "composed of so many excellent people" would be so outraged by it as to require a house-cleaning. He reiterated that he had no doubt Col. Thompson would resign.

VETERANS VOTE THANKS FOR THE CONTRIBUTIONS

At a regular meeting of Storer Post, No. 1, G. A. R., held in G. A. R. hall on Wednesday evening it was announced that contributions to the fund for the local post to attend the annual convention in Boston had added $104 to the fund. In appreciation of the fact the following resolution was unanimously passed by the meeting.

Resolved,—That a vote of thanks is most cordially extended to all those who so generously provided funds toward sending the members of Storer Post to Boston to the National Annual Encampment of the G. A. R., to be held on the 19th to the 25th of this August.

Comrades will assemble at G. A. R. hall on Saturday afternoon between 3 and 4 o'clock to receive their pro rata.

On Monday morning they will assemble at G. A. R. hall at 9.30 and will take the 10.43 train for Boston.

Signed, M. H. BELL, Com.
H. S. Paul, Adjutant.

GOODWIN FAMILY REUNION

The tenth annual reunion of the Daniel Goodwin family association will be held at Quamphegan Park, August 30. There will be a business meeting at 11 o'clock and dinner will be served at 12.30 o'clock. The committee in charge of the affair is composed of W. A. H. Goodwin, Mrs. W. F. Smith and Mrs. H. W. Goodwin.

CARD OF THANKS

The members of Moses H. Goodrich, S. F. E. Co., No. 4, desire to express their thanks to Mrs. James Borthwick for favors received at the fire this morning at the Kimball house. Her kindness is much appreciated.

Per order,
George O. Lane, Captain.
Charles H. Kehoe, Clerk.

LOST—Starting crank for auto in Kittery, Me. Finder leave at Prince's Store. he a16, 3t

The next event is the annual Portsmouth fair which promises to be the biggest and best of them all.

ANOTHER CALL MADE BY THE WAR BOARD TODAY

Several Aliens Exempted on Wednesday; Two Deferred Claims Refused.

The war board today issued another call for 110 men to report on Wednesday, Thursday and Friday of next week. The board in making the call begins with 241 and concludes with 350. The notices are expected to be mailed this afternoon.

Today the board passed on deferred claims, two of which were rejected, that of Morris Salden and Jacob Mandelbaum, and they must serve with the selective draft.

The following exemptions were allowed by the board on Wednesday:

Fromicirck Orlof, Newmarket, alien.
Joseph Roberge, Newmarket, alien.
Perry Barnabee, Portsmouth, resident alien.
Sylvio Scarponi, Portsmouth, resident alien.
Anthony Kurtra, Newmarket, alien.
Benny Krystlack, Portsmouth, alien.
Archip Darchick, Portsmouth, alien.
Antonio Marcello Fonseca, Newmarket, alien.
Charles Paterson, Newmarket, alien.

The first man called, No. 258, Thomas Stewart Morris of New Castle, who later moved away, has been heard from. Morris was examined by the war board at Dover, Me., and has been certified for the military service.

The men called in the lot of 140 for next week are about evenly divided in numbers for the dates of Aug. 22, 23, 24.

VISIT HISTORIC EXETER HOUSES

Piscataqua Pioneers Hold Annual Meeting and Elect Officers.

The annual meeting of the Piscataqua Pioneers was held at Exeter on Wednesday in the old historic First church built in 1798, and organized in 1638. Exeter's other historical resorts furnished much entertainment for the members of the association founded by the early settlers of the Piscataqua.

The meeting was presided over by Joseph Foster, rear admiral, U. S. N. retired, president of the association. The speakers were Judge Henry A. Shute of the Exeter municipal court and well known author, John N. Thompson of Exeter, who read a paper on "The Settlement at the Falls of the Squamscott," Captain Thomas M Jackson of Portsmouth, founder of the association; Col. Daniel Hall, U. S. A., retired, of Washington, D. C.; and Alvah H. Place of Newmarket.

The officers chosen were: President, Mrs. Annie W. Barr of Rollinsford; vice presidents, Prof. Sylvester Burnham of Hamilton, N. Y., Mrs. Florence A. Crane of Des Moines, Ia., John N Thompson of Exeter, Mrs. Mary B. Safford Wildes of Kittery, Me., Captain Thomas M. Jackson of Portsmouth, Mrs. Elizabeth E. Dorr of Dover, Charles Wells Hall of Newton, Mass., Mrs. Elizabeth H. Place of Newmarket, Miss Annie K. Seavey of Dover and John M. Moses of Northwood; secretary and curator, Albert H. Lamson of Elkins, John L. M. Willis of Eliot, Me., Charles A. Hazlett of Portsmouth, Alexander Dennett of Kittery, Me., and John Scales of Dover.

Dinner was served at noon at the Graduates' house on Front street to about 70 members.

In the afternoon places of historic interest were visited, including the old Garrison house on Water street, which was built in 1650 and used during the attacks of the Indians; the Ladd house, where Nicholas Gilman, state treasurer during the days of the Revolution, resided, and is now the headquarters of the New Hampshire Society of the Cincinnati; the residence of John Phillips, founder of the Phillips Exeter academy; the site where Whitefield preached his last sermon; and the buildings of Phillips Exeter academy, which were opened during the afternoon. Of special interest which was the original academy building, which is now receiving the finishing touches after being restored to its original site near the present academy building.

Read the Want Ads.

PEOPLE YOU KNOW

M. F. Kelly, the well known contractor is in Boston.

Miss Nellie M. Walden passed Wednesday at York Beach.

Mr. and Mrs. John G. Sweetser are touring the mountains.

Mr and Mrs. Harold E. Walker have returned from their wedding trip.

Eugene Sheafe on Thursday reached another milestone in life's journey.

James H. Thomas is absent from his duties at the navy yard owing to sickness.

Mrs. Roberta Pickering is visiting Miss Claradore Robinson at Lake Sunapee.

Mrs. Richard I. Walden and daughter Mrs. Humphreys, passed Wednesday at York Beach.

Miss Marguerite Stoddard of Manchester is the guest of Miss Margaret Goodwin of Broad street.

Mrs. Agnes Peirce and Mrs. Harry L. Beacham have returned from a two weeks' stay at Lake Sunapee.

Mrs. Faulkner has resigned her position as corsetiere at the corset department at L. S. Staples' dry goods store.

President John K. Bates attended a bankers' meeting in Boston on Wednesday regarding the second Liberty Loan.

Private Charles L. Hennessey of the Second Company Coast Artillery, is passing a brief furlough at his home in Laconia.

Miss Margaret Hickey and Misses Alice and Annie Hayes of Manchester are at Jenness Beach for a stay of three weeks.

LOCAL DASHES

Mackerel at Clark's Branch.

Fish of all kinds at Clark's Branch. Tel. 133.

Several new officers are to come to the local forts for training.

Just Kids—Cummings and Higgins, the dancers, New Castle, tonight.

It is expected that Governor Henry W. Keyes will attend the Portsmouth Fair.

Here's hoping that Mr. Hoover can show some results in the reduction of the cost of necessities.

Fruit, ice cream, variety goods and groceries at Lafayette Store. Open evenings.

It was certainly some eshower that passed over this city on Thursday morning.

Lobsters and fresh fish of all kinds, caught by our own boats, fresh every day. E. Jameson & Sons. Tel. 245.

Captain W. R. Rush and Captain W. L. Howard, U. S. N., made a tour of the New Hampshire coast stations today.

The government says that a five-cent advance in the price of coal is all that is necessary but the coal dealers don't believe it.

Haddock, halibut and swordfish at Clark's Branch.

WANTED—To buy a house in Portsmouth. Send number and street, price and full particulars to G. B. Box 363, City. he au13, 4t

The local army draft board is putting in a good many hours work and they will be tickled to death when the business is over.

Antique furniture restored and upholstered. Hair mattresses renovated. Margeson Bros. Tel. 570.

There is little sentiment in Washington that the war will be short. It is now thought that the army will be two million before January 1.

The evenings are getting chilly and carry warnings of the fast approach of Fall Still September and October have been pretty fine months for the past few years.

An interesting spectacle on Thursday noon was two young lads engaged in sailing a toy boat on Middle street. Up to the time of going to press the name of the lake had not been ascertained.

Sheehan's social dance, Thursday evening, at Moose Club hall. Uniform men welcome.

STOLE GUM MACHINE

Detected in Act of Trying to Extract Money on the Dock.

Earl Joyce, Harry Mace and Albert Petty are held by the police for a hearing this afternoon on a charge of larceny.

The trio is alleged to have stolen the gum machine from the front of the store of B. F. Mugridge, Market street, on Wednesday night. They carried the machine to the North End coal docks and while attempting to get out the money were detected by the watchman who notified the police. The officers found the machine on the dock and the three men on the Portsmouth and Kittery bridge where they are said to have made more or less trouble with the night watchman on the bridge.

VISITED YORK BEACH.

The members of the South End Whist Club enjoyed a day's outing at York Beach, on Wednesday, making their headquarters at the Algonquin.

HOUSE AND BARN BURN AT STRATHAM

Property of Joseph Smart Destroyed Early This Morning.

The house and barn of Joseph Smart located on the Winn road at Stratham was destroyed this morning. The fire started on the roof of the barn by lightning and the blaze made rapid progress in consuming the building and contents including a large hay crop just stored. The fire spread to the residence, and the town having no fire department there was no possible chance to save it. Neighbors succeeded in saving a good part of the household effects and also the livestock from the barn.

The loss is said to be between $2500 and $3000.

MARRIED AT BROOKLYN

Miss Carol Reynolds and Lieut William Martin were united in the bonds of holy matrimony on Wednesday August 8 at Brooklyn, N. Y., by Rev. E. Tullar, pastor of the Baptist church. They were attended by Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence Lande. Miss Reynolds is a local lady of much popularity and was formerly employed at Paras Bros.' store. The groom is a resident of Brooklyn and is a first lieutenant at the U. S. aviation field at Mineola. Both have a large number of friends who extend their best wishes for a long and happy wedded life.

KILLED BY AN AUTOMOBILE

"Bill," the pet cat at the Elks' Home is no more, having been run over by by an automobile on Court street early Wednesday evening. "Bill" was a great favorite with the members of Portsmouth Lodge and will be missed by those who frequent the home.

NOTICE TO PUBLIC

On and after Aug. 20, 1917, every trunk transported with passenger shall be charged for extra, at the rate of 25 cents each. Hand baggage transported free as heretofore.

ALBERT HISLOP.

With rain promised and likely to set in for a few days the farms and gardens will be helped greatly.

KITTERY

For Sale MODERN HOUSE

Eight rooms, bath, hot water heat and garage, near navy yard and in excellent location. Price $4000.

BUTLER & MARSHALL
5 MARKET ST.

For Sale

Cottage house, six rooms and bath, hardwood floors, electric lights, furnace heat

PRICE, $2500.

Look into this. It's cheap.

FRED GARDNER
Glebe Building.

Made in the light by men in white. All cans and utensils sterilized with live steam. The sanitary factory of Portsmouth.

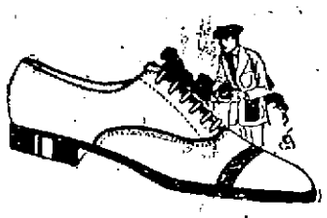
Miss S. J. Zoller of Boston
ELECTRIC NEEDLE SPECIALIST
Removes Superfluous Hair.
Will be at Hair Dressing Parlor of
Mrs. Ida A. Nelson,
4 Glebe Building, Sept. 8
'Phone Appointments There.

Vacation season now at its height. Wherever you are bound, to the woods or mountains to "rough it" or to join the hotel colony at some fashionable summer resort, we've everything in togs and loggery for your "surroundings." Trunks and bags to carry them in.

Henry Peyser & Son
Selling the Togs of the Period.

FRANK W. KNIGHT SHOE TALKS
10 Market St. "SHOES OF QUALITY" Portsmouth

Sale of Men's Oxfords



We have announced this sale from the mere fact that a reduced certain lines of desirable oxfords will be enough to encourage many men to take advantage of the opportunity to buy more than one pair. Dress street and sport oxfords predominate.

Extra Value
Blacks and Russets
Price $4.00

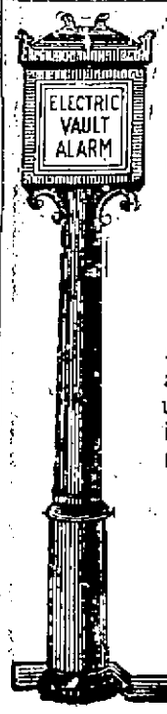
MIONE SOAP

Machinists, Painetrs, Automobilists, Engineers and Mechanics should use this Soap for removing all stains, grease and paint from the hands.

This Soap is very useful for scouring pots and pans.

PRICE 10 CENTS
For a large tin box.

PRYOR-DAVIS CO.,
THE OLD HARDWARE SHOP,
Tel. 509. 36 Market St., Portsmouth



UNITED STATES DEPOSITORY
ORGANIZED 1824

The Importance of Safe Deposit Protection

is never more apparent, than in war time, when men are enlisting in the army and may go far from home. Have an absolutely secure place for your valuables by placing them in our fire and burglar proof vault. Safe deposit boxes for rent $1.50 and up per year.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK
PORTSMOUTH, N.H.

OLYMPIA TONIGHT 7.00-9.15

Peggy Hyland in "Babette"

BLANCH SWEET IN "Those Without Sin" | TOM MIX IN "A Roman Cowboy"